

## SPECIFICATION CATALOG

GEOTHERMAL HEAT PUMPS



ASTON ADVANCED SINGLE HYDRONIC UNIT WITH



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### **Geothermal Heat Pump**

GeoStar is proud to introduce the latest in geothermal heat pump technology by launching the Aston Single Hydronic with OptiHeat line of heat pumps which are the most efficient, Energy Star rated water to water heat pumps available on the market. OptiHeat utilizes Copeland vapor injection (VI) scroll compressor technology to provide optimal performance. Vapor injection theory uses an intermediate refrigerant heat exchanger to boost refrigeration capacity which increases overall heat pump efficiency. As the name OptiHeat implies, these units are optimized for heating performance. VI technology enables the heat pump an expanded operating range allowing leaving water temperatures of 150°F. A 20°F improvement over conventional systems while maintaining the same environmentally friendly R-410A refrigerant that is industry standard. Copeland VI compressors are specifically designed to operate under higher compression ratios which allows for higher temperature operation without sacrificing reliability. Aston Single Hydronic with OptiHeat units have been tested and approved for



higher pressure operation per UL 1995 which is the standard for heating/cooling products in the United States.

OptiHeat units are equipped with electronic expansion valve controlled by the Aurora Base microprocessor to offer precise control of the vapor injection circuit. While the units are optimized for heating performance, cooling is still an option with reversible units. In the cooling mode, VI technology is turned off to maintain simplicity and efficient performance.

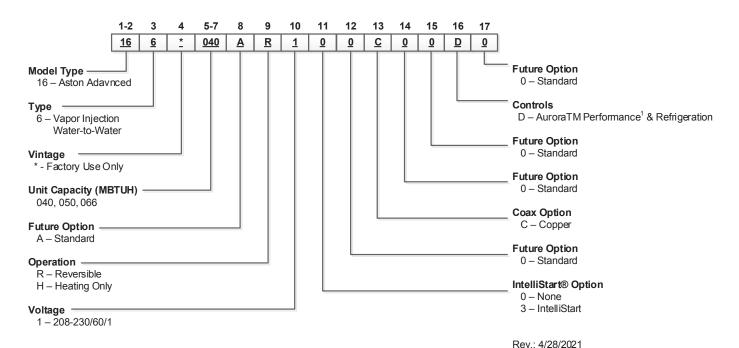
- Compressor: Vapor injected, single speed scroll, mounted on a double isolation system. Super Quiet Sound Package for improved noise reduction.
- 2. Water Lines: Flush mount connections allow one wrench leak-free connections without a back-up.
- 3. Cabinet: Heavy gauge, environmentally responsible galvanized steel for maximum corrosion resistance.
- 4. Soft Start: IntelliStart™ reduces the amount of current needed to activate the unit by 60-70%. This helps alleviate light flicker, reduces start-up noise and increases compressor life. Helpful in applications when GeoStar units are to run off-the-grid.
- 5. ThermaShield™: Proprietary coating applied to water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger that protects against condensations in extended range applications (below 50°F).
- 6. Discharge line mufflers to help quiet compressor discharge gas pulsations
- 7. Electronic expansion valve for optimal superheat control of VI circuit
- 8. Controls: Aurora Base Control with Aurora Expansion Board is standard.

#### Key Benefits:

- 3 models sizes from 040-066 MBtu/hr.
- Same cabinet footprint for easy retrofit of legacy product.
- Field switchable control box

As a leader in the industry, GeoStar is dedicated to innovation, quality, and customer satisfaction. In fact, every unit built is exposed to a wide range of quality control procedures throughout the assembly process and is then subjected to a rigorous battery of computerized run tests to certify that it meets or exceeds performance standards for efficiency and safety, and will perform flawlessly at startup. As further affirmation of our quality standards, each unit carries our exclusive Quality Assurance emblem, signed by the final test technician.

# **Model Nomenclature**



NOTES: 1 – Flow meter for Performance and Refrigeration option is shipped inside the unit and must be externally field installed.

Voltage	166			
	040	050	066	
208-230/60/1	••	•	•	

- - Voltage available in this size
- $\bullet \bullet$  Voltage and IntelliStart available in this size





# **AHRI/ISO 13256-2 Performance Ratings**

The performance standard AHRI/ASHRAE/ISO 13256-2 became effective January 1, 2000. This new standard has three major categories: Water Loop, Ground Water, and Ground Loop.

#### Unit of Measure: The Cooling COP

The cooling efficiency is measured in EER (US version measured in Btu/h per Watt. The Metric version is measured in a cooling COP (Watt per Watt) similar to the traditional COP measurement.

#### **Pump Power Correction Calculation**

Within each model, only one water flow rate is specified for all three groups and pumping Watts are calculated using the following formula. This additional power is added onto the existing power consumption.

• Pump power correction = (gpm x 0.0631) x (Press Drop x 2990) / 300

Where 'gpm' is waterflow in gpm and 'Press Drop' is the pressure drop through the unit heat exchanger at rated water flow in feet of head.

#### ISO Capacity and Efficiency Calculations

The following equations illustrate cooling calculations:

- ISO Cooling Capacity = Cooling Capacity (Btuh) x [Fan Power Correction (Watts) x 3.412]
- ISO EER Efficiency (Btuh/W) = ISO Cooling Capacity (Btuh) x [Power Input (Watts) Fan Power Correction (Watts) + Pump Power Correction (Watts)]

The following equations illustrate heating calculations:

- ISO Heating Capacity = Heating Capacity (Btuh) x [Fan Power Correction (Watts) x 3.412]
- ISO COP Efficiency (Btuh/Btuh) = ISO Heating Capacity (Btuh) x 3.412/[Power Input (Watts) Fan Power Correction (Watts)
- + Pump Power Correction (Watts)]

Test Conditions	ISO/AHRI 13256-2 WLHP	ISO/AHRI 13256-2 GWHP	ISO/AHRI 13256-2 GLHP
Cooling			
Liquid Entering Indoor Side - °F	53.6	53.6	53.6
Standard Rating Test			
Liquid Entering Heat Exchanger - °F	86	59	77
Part-load Rating Test			
Liquid Entering Heat Exchanger	86	59	68
Fluid Flow Rate	*	*	*
Heating			
Liquid Entering Indoor Side - °F	104	104	104
Standard Rating Test			
Liquid Entering Outdoor-side Heat Exchanger - °F	68	50	32
Part-load Rating Test			
Liquid Entering Outdoor-side Heat Exchanger	68	50	41
Fluid Flow Rate	*	*	*

#### Conversions

Water Flow (lps) = gpm x 0.0631 Press Drop (Pascals) = Press Drop (ft hd) x 2990

NOTES: \*Flow rate is specified by the manufacturer
WLHP = Water Loop Heat Pump; GWHP = Ground Water Heat Pump;

GLHP = Ground Loop Heat Pump

# **AHRI/ISO 13256-2 Performance Ratings**

## English (IP) Units

			Water Loop Heat Pump			Ground Water Heat Pump			Ground Loop Heat Pump					
Model	Flow	/ Rate	Cool 86°F S 53.6°F	ource	Heatin 68°F Sou 104°F Lo	ırce	Cool 59°F S 53.6°F	ource	Heatin 50°F Soi 104°F Le	urce	Cool 77°F S 53.6°F	ource	Heatin 32°F Sou 104°F Lo	ırce
	Load GPM	Source GPM		EER Btuh/W	Capacity Btuh	СОР	Capacity Btuh	EER Btuh/W	Capacity Btuh	СОР	Capacity Btuh	EER Btuh/W	Capacity Btuh	СОР
040	10	10	29,100	13.4	43,500	4.6	33,000	20.1	40,000	4.0	30,600	16.1	34,000	3.3
050	15	15	41,500	13.3	66,000	4.7	47,000	20.1	54,900	3.9	44,500	16.1	45,000	3.3
066	20	20	52,000	12.7	83,000	4.4	57,000	20.1	70,000	3.7	54,000	16.1	56,500	3.2

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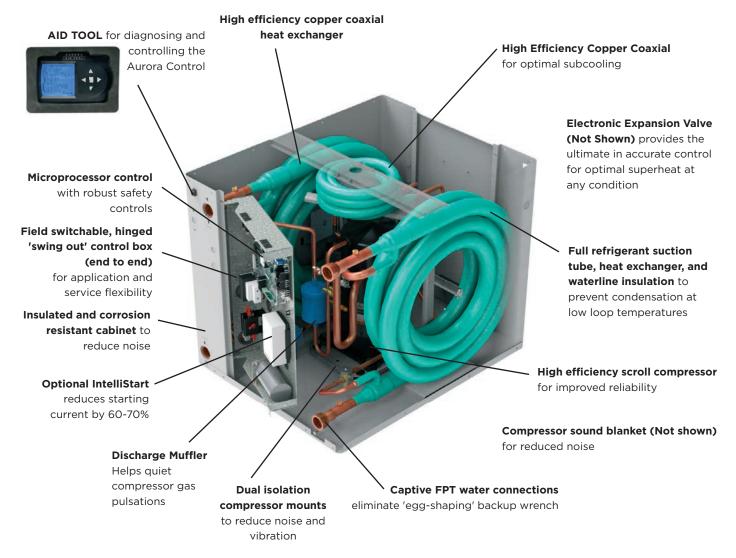






## The OptiHeat

#### **Unit Features**



#### What's New

#### Advanced Service Features

- Aurora can be internet capable simply by adding the Aurora WebLink (AWL). This device will connect your Aurora system to web for remote monitoring and control. It also comes standard with an SD drive for storing operating and performance data. Providing 'black box' capability.

#### • 3" Wider Cabinet

- More room for serviceability

#### Swing-out control box

- For easier access for serviceability.

#### · Monitoring Sensor Kits

- Energy Monitoring: With this standard sensor kit, the Aurora Advanced Control will feature power monitoring of the compressor, load pump and electric heat; the information can be displayed on AID Tool, or through AWL to Symphony. (If available)
- Performance/Refrigerant Monitoring: The OptiHeat features refrigeration and performance sensors as an optional feature; now refrigerant pressures, and various temperatures needed to diagnose unit problems are readily available at your fingertips in the AID Tool. The Aurora controls can measure actual capacity and efficiency performance of the heat pump; the information can be displayed on AID Tool or thru AWL to Symphony. (If available)

## The OptiHeat cont.

#### **Operating Efficiencies**

- Environmentally friendly R-410A refrigerant reduces ozone depletion.
- High-stability bidirectional expansion valve provides superior performance.
- · Efficient scroll compressor operates quietly.
- Oversized coaxial tube water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger increases efficiency.
- Electronic expansion valve for VI circuits

#### **Standard Features**

- · Heavy gauge cabinet
- · Quiet scroll compressors in all models
- All interior cabinet surfaces are insulated with ½ in.
  [12.7 mm] thick 1½ lb. [681 g] density, surface coated,
  acoustic type glass fiber insulation.
- Optional IntelliStart® to reduce starting current (208-230/60/1) (040 only)
- Hinged, field-switchable control box Control box factory installed on water line side of cabinet
- · Cabinet designed for serviceability.
- Multi-density laminate lined compressor blanket designed to suppress low frequency noise.
- Discharge line mufflers to help quiet compressor discharge gas pulsations.
- Removable compressor access panels.
- Quick attach wiring harnesses are used throughout for fast servicing.
- High and low pressure refrigerant service ports.
- Two removable access panels

#### **Product Quality**

- Heavy-gauge steel cabinets are finished with a durable polyester powder coat paint for long lasting beauty and service.
- All refrigerant brazing is performed in a nitrogen atmosphere.
- Coaxial heat exchangers, refrigerant suction lines and all water pipes are fully insulated to reduce condensation problems in low temperature operation.
- Computer controlled deep vacuum and refrigerant charging system.
- All joints are leak detected for maximum leak rate of less than <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> oz. per year.
- Computer bar code equipped assembly line ensures all components are correct.
- All units are computer run-tested with water to verify both function and performance.
- Safety features include high- and low-pressure refrigerant controls to protect the compressor.

#### **Options and Accessories**

- · Closed loop, source side, circulating pump kit
- · Closed loop, load side, circulating pump kit
- Water connection kits
- Geo-Storage Tank (80-119 Gal. capacity)
- IntelliStart
- HydroZone, tank control with outdoor reset
- HydroStat, Communicating Set Point Control, Symphony (AWL) Compatible (if available)

#### **Application Flexibility**

- Designed to operate with entering source temperature of 30°F and leaving load temperatures of up to 150°F. See the capacity tables to see allowable operating conditions per model.
- Source side flow rates as low as 1.5 GPM/ton for well water, 50°F [10°C] min. EWT.
- Dedicated heating and heat pump models available.
- Dedicated non-reversible models are shipped as heating only.
- Compact size allows installation in confined spaces.
- Front or rear plumbing connections.

## **Inside the OptiHeat**

#### Refrigerant

OptiHeat products all feature zero ozone depletion and low global warming potential R-410A refrigerant.

#### **Cabinet**

All units are constructed of corrosion resistant galvanized sheet metal with powder coat paint rated for more than 1000 hours of salt spray. Lift-out access panels provide access to the compressor section from two sides.

### Compressor

High efficiency R-410A vapor injected, scroll compressors for each model size provides efficient yet reliable operation at all operating conditions.

#### **Electrical Box**

The hinged control panel is "field" movable from front to back for ease of application. Separate knockouts for low voltage, and two for power on, front and back, allow easy access to the control box. Large 75VA transformer assures adequate controls power for accessories.

#### **Water Connections**

Flush mount FPT water connection fittings allow one wrench leak-free connections and do not require a backup wrench. Factory installed water line thermistors can be viewed through the microprocessor interface tool.

#### **Thermostatic Expansion Valve**

All OptiHeat models utilize a balanced port bidirectional thermostatic expansion valve (TXV) for refrigerant metering. This allows precise refrigerant flow in a wide range of entering water variation (30 to 140°F [-1 to 65°C]) found in geothermal systems. The TXV is located in the compressor compartment for easy access.



#### Water-to-Refrigerant Heat Exchanger Coil

Large oversized coaxial refrigerant-to-water heat exchangers provide unparalleled efficiency. The coaxes are designed for low pressure drop and low flow rates. All coaxes are pressure rated to 450 psi water side and 650 psi on the refrigerant side. Refrigerant-to-water heat exchangers will be coated with ThermaShield to prevent condensation in low temperature loop operation.



#### Service Connections and Serviceability

Three Schrader service ports are provided for each unit. The suction side and discharge side ports are for field charging and servicing access. There is also a Schrader service port on the vapor injection circuit for serviceability. All valves are 7/16 in. SAE connections.



#### 4-Way Reversing Valve

OptiHeat units feature a reliable all-brass pilot operated refrigerant reversing valve. The reversing valve operation is limited to change of mode by the control to enhance reliability.



#### IntelliStart (040 only)

The optional IntelliStart single phase soft starter will reduce the normal start current (LRA) by 60-70%. This allows the heat pump to go off-grid. Using IntelliStart also provides a



substantial reduction in light flicker, reduces start-up noise, and improves the compressor's start behavior. IntelliStart is available in a field retrofit kit or as a factory installed option.

## **Water Quality**

#### General

Water-to-water heat pumps may be successfully applied in a wide range of residential and light commercial applications. It is the responsibility of the system designer and installing contractor to ensure that acceptable water quality is present and that all applicable codes have been met in these installations. Failure to adhere to the guidelines in the water quality table could result in loss of warranty.

### **Application**

Units are not intended for heating domestic (potable) water or swimming pools by direct coupling. If used for this type of application, a secondary heat exchanger must be used.

An indirect water heater directly coupled to the unit as the secondary heat exchanger is not recommended. The heating capacity of this equipment is too large for the extremely small amount of water located in the coils of the indirect water heater. A storage tank of adequate size (see guidelines in this manual) should be used ahead of the indirect water heater to reduce the risk of short cycling, high head pressure faults, and compressor thermal overload trips.

#### **Water Treatment**

The use of improperly treated or untreated water in this equipment may result in scaling, erosion, corrosion, algae or slime. The services of a qualified water treatment specialist should be engaged to determine what treatment, if any, is required. The product warranty specifically excludes liability for corrosion, erosion or deterioration of equipment.

The heat exchangers and water lines in the units are copper tube. There may be other materials in the building's piping system that the designer may need to take into consideration when deciding the parameters of the water quality.

If an antifreeze or water treatment solution is to be used, the designer should confirm it does not have a detrimental effect on the materials in the system.

#### **Contaminated Water**

In applications where the water quality cannot be held to prescribed limits, the use of a secondary heat exchanger is recommended to separate the unit from the contaminated water.

The following table outlines the water quality guidelines for unit heat exchangers. If these conditions are exceeded, a secondary heat exchanger is required. Failure to supply a secondary heat exchanger where needed will result in a warranty exclusion for primary heat exchanger corrosion or failure.



WARNING: Must have intermediate heat exchanger when used in pool and spa applications.

#### **Water Quality Guidelines**

Material		Copper	90/10 Cupronickel	316 Stainless Steel
pH	Acidity/Alkalinity	7 - 9	7 - 9	7 - 9
Scaling	Calcium and Magnesium Carbonate	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm	(Total Hardness) less than 350 ppm
	Hydrogen Sulfide	Less than 0.5 ppm (rotten egg smell appears at 0.5 ppm)	10 - 50 ppm	Less than 1 ppm
	Sulfates	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 200 ppm
	Chlorine	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm
	Chlorides	Less than 20 ppm	Less than 125 ppm	Less than 300 ppm
	Carbon Dioxide	Less than 50 ppm	10 - 50 ppm	10 - 50 ppm
Corrosion	Ammonia	Less than 2 ppm	Less than 2 ppm	Less than 20 ppm
	Ammonia Chloride	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm
	Ammonia Nitrate	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm
	Ammonia Hydroxide	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm
	Ammonia Sulfate	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm	Less than 0.5 ppm
	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	Less than 1000 ppm	1000 - 1500 ppm	1000 - 1500 ppm
	LSI Index	+0.5 to -0.5	+0.5 to -0.5	+0.5 to -0.5
Iron Fouling	Iron, FE <sup>2</sup> + (Ferrous) Bacterial Iron Potential	< 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm	< 0.2 ppm
(Biological Growth)	Iron Oxide	Less than 1 ppm, above this level deposition will occur	Less than 1 ppm, above this level deposition will occur	Less than 1 ppm, above this level deposition will occur
Francism	Suspended Solids	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max. of 600 micron size	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max. of 600 micron size	Less than 10 ppm and filtered for max. of 600 micron size
Erosion	Threshold Velocity (Fresh Water)	< 6 ft/sec	< 6 ft/sec	< 6 ft/sec

NOTES: Grains = ppm divided by 17 mg/L is equivalent to ppm

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# **The Aurora™ Control System**

### **Aurora 'Base' Control**

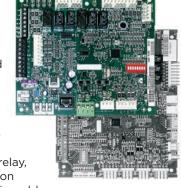
The Aurora 'Base' Control (ABC) System is a complete residential and commercial comfort system that brings all aspects of the HVAC system into one cohesive module network. The ABC features microprocessor control and HP, LP, freeze detection, over/ under voltage faults.



Aurora uses the Modbus communication protocol to communicate between modules. Each module contains the logic to control all features that are connected to the module. The Aurora 'Base' Control (ABC) has two Modbus channels for connecting the Aurora Interface Diagnostics Tool (AID Tool).

### **Aurora 'Advanced' Control**

The Aurora 'Advanced'
Control expands on the capability of the Aurora 'Base' Control (ABC)
System by adding the Aurora Expansion Board (AXB). The additional features include loop pump linking and variable speed pump capability. The AXB also features a second field configurable accessory relay, and two home automation inputs that are AID configurable



for different types of alarms from sump pumps to home security. The Smart Grid input is AID configurable with many options to react to Utility controlled relay operation for ON Peak optimization.

Aurora Control Features	Description	Aurora 'Advanced'
Microprocessor Compressor Control	Microprocessor control of compressor for timings with FP1, HP, LP, Condensate, assignable Acc relay	•
Advanced Microprocessor Features	Smart Grid, Home Automation Alarm Inputs, and Accessory2 Relay (HRV/ERV)	•
Advanced Speed Pump Control	Microprocessor and separate power relay for loop pump and inline circuit breakers and loop pump linking.	•
Variable Speed Pump	Capable of setup, monitoring and controlling a variable speed flow center.	•
Smart Grid/Utility Input	Allows simple input to externally enable of occupied/unoccupied mode for basic utility time of use programs.	Dry Contact x1
Home Automation Alarm Input	Allows simple input to signal sump, security, or smoke/CO sensor alarms from other home automation or security systems. The two inputs can be field configured to a number of options and logic.	Dry Contactx2

Service Device	Description	Aurora 'Advanced'
Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool	Allows setup, monitoring and troubleshooting of any Aurora Control.  NOTE: Although the ABC has basic compatibility with all Aurora, new product features may not be available on older AID Tools. To simplify the basic compatibility ensure the version of AID is at least the same or greater than the ABC software version.	For Service (Ver. 2.xx or greater)

Add On Control Feature Kits (field or factory installed)	Description	Aurora 'Advanced'
Geo Energy Monitoring Kit	Monitors realtime power consumption of compressor, aux heat and pump. AXB required.	Standard
Performance & Refrigeration Monitoring Kit	Monitors real time refrigerant temperatures, pressures & water temperatures. For subcooling & calculates the heat of extraction/rejection.	Optional Sensor Kit

Add On Thermostats and Zoning	Description	Aurora 'Advanced'
HSC - HydroStat	Communicating tank controller for one hydronic heat pump.	Optional
нго	Non-communicating tank controller for up to four heat pumps.	Optional
нzс	Non-communicating tank controller for one hydronic heat pump	Optional

#### Aurora 'Base' Control



**NOTE:** Refer to the Aurora Base Control Application and Troubleshooting Guide and the Instruction Guide: Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool for additional information.

#### **Control Features**

- · Random start at power up
- · Anti-short cycle protection
- High and low pressure cutouts
- Loss of charge
- · Water coil freeze detection
- Over/under voltage protection
- · Load shed
- Emergency shutdown
- Diagnostic LED
- · Test mode push button switch
- Alarm output
- · Accessory output with N.O. and N.C.
- Two Modbus communication ports

### Field Selectable Options via Hardware

**DIP Switch (SW1)** - Test/Configuration Button (See SW1 Operation Table)

#### **Test Mode**

The control is placed in the test mode by holding the push button switch SW1 for 2 - 5 seconds. In test mode most of the control timings will be shortened by a factor of sixteen (16). LED3 (green) will flash at 1 second on and 1 second off. Additionally, when entering test mode LED1 (red) will flash the last lockout one time. Test mode will automatically time out after 30 minutes. Test mode can be exited by pressing and holding the SW1 button for 2 to 5 seconds or by cycling the power. **NOTE:** Test mode will automatically be exited after 30 minutes.

#### **Reset Configuration Mode**

The control is placed in reset configuration mode by holding the push button switch SW1 for 50 to 60 seconds. This will reset all configuration settings and the EEPROM back to the factory default settings. LED3 (green) will turn off when entering reset configuration mode. Once LED3 (green) turns off, release SW1 and the control will reset.

#### **DIP Switch (SW2)**

**SW2-1 (Source)** FP1 Selection – Low water coil temperature limit setting for freeze detection. On = 30°F; Off = 15°F.

SW2-2 (Load) FP2 Selection - On = 30°F; Off = 15°F

**SW2-3** RV - O/B - thermostat type. Heat pump thermostats with "O" output in cooling or "B" output in Heating can be selected. On = O; Off = B.

**SW2-4** Access Relay Operation (P2)

and 2-5

Access Relay Operation	SW2-4	SW2-5
Cycle with Blower	n,	/a
Cycle with Compressor	OFF	OFF
Water Valve Slow Opening	ON	OFF
Cycle with Comm. T-stat Hum Cmd	n,	/a

**Cycle with Blower** - (Not used on water-to-water) **Cycle with Compressor** - The accessory relay will cycle with the compressor output.

**Water Valve Slow Opening** - The accessory relay will cycle and delay both the blower and compressor output for 90 seconds.

**SW2-6** CC Operation – selection of single or dual capacity compressor. On = Single Stage; Off = Dual Capacity

**SW2-7** Lockout and Alarm Outputs (P2) – selection of a continuous or pulsed output for both the LO and ALM Outputs. On = Continuous; Off = Pulsed

**SW2-8** Future Use

#### **Alarm Jumper Clip Selection**

From the factory, ALM is connected to 24 VAC via JW2. By cutting JW2, ALM becomes a dry contact connected to ALG.

#### **Field Selectable Options via Software**

(Selectable via the Aurora AID Tool)

### Safety Features

The following safety features are provided to protect the compressor, heat exchangers, wiring and other components from damage caused by operation outside of design conditions.

**Fuse** - a 3 amp automotive type plug-in fuse provides protection against short circuit or overload conditions.

**Anti-Short Cycle Protection** – 4 minute anti-short cycle protection for the compressor.

**Random Start** - 5 to 80 second random start upon power up.

**Fault Retry** – in the fault condition, the control will stage off the outputs and then "try again" to satisfy the thermostat Y input call. Once the thermostat input calls are satisfied, the control will continue on as if no fault occurred. If 3 consecutive faults occur without satisfying the thermostat Y input call, then the control will go to Lockout mode.

Lockout – The Alarm output (ALM) and Lockout output (L) will be turned on. The fault type identification display LED1 (Red) shall flash the fault code. To reset lockout conditions with SW2-8 On, thermostat inputs "Y1", "Y2", and "W" must be removed for at least 3 seconds. To reset lockout conditions with SW2-8 Off, thermostat inputs "Y1", "Y2", "W", and "DH" must be removed for at least 3 seconds. Lockout may also be reset by turning power off for at least 30 seconds or by enabling the emergency shutdown input for at least 3 seconds.

**High Pressure** – fault is recognized when the Normally Closed High Pressure Switch, P4-9/10 opens, no matter how momentarily. The High Pressure Switch is electrically in series with the Compressor Contactor and serves as a hardwired limit switch if an overpressure condition should occur.

**Low Pressure** - fault is recognized when the Normally Closed Low Pressure Switch, P4-7/8 is continuously open for 30 seconds. Closure of the LPS any time during the 30 second recognition time restarts the 30 second continuous open requirement. A continuously open LPS shall not be recognized during the 2 minute startup bypass time.

**Loss of Charge** – fault is recognized when the Normally Closed Low Pressure Switch, P4-7/8 is open prior to the compressor starting.

Freeze Detection (Source Coax) - set points shall be either 30°F or 15°F. When the thermistor temperature drops below the selected set point, the control shall begin counting down the 30 seconds delay. If the thermistor value rises above the selected set point, then the count should reset. The resistance value must remain below the selected set point for the entire length of the appropriate delay to be recognized as a fault. This fault will be ignored for the initial 2 minutes of the compressor run time.

**Freeze Detection (Load Coax)** - uses the FP2 input to protect against ice formation on the coax. The FP2 input will operate exactly like FP1.

**Over/Under Voltage Shutdown** - An over/under voltage condition exists when the control voltage is outside the range of 18 VAC to 30 VAC. If the over/under voltage shutdown lasts for 15 minutes, the lockout and alarm relay will be energized. Over/under voltage shutdown is self-resetting in that if the voltage comes back within range of 18 VAC to 30 VAC for at least 0.5 seconds, then normal operation is restored.

### **Operation Description**

**Power Up** - The unit will not operate until all the inputs and safety controls are checked for normal conditions. The unit has a 5 to 80 second random start delay at power up. Then the compressor has a 4 minute anti-short cycle delay after the random start delay.

**Standby** In standby mode, Y1, Y2, W, DH, and G are not active. Input O may be active. The blower and compressor will be off.

#### **Heating Operation**

**Heating, 1st Stage (Y1)** - The compressor is energized 10 seconds after the Y1 input is received.

#### **Cooling Operation**

In all cooling operations, the reversing valve directly tracks the O input. Thus, anytime the O input is present, the reversing valve will be energized.

**Cooling, 1st Stage (Y1, O)** - The compressor is energized 10 seconds after the Y1 input is received.

*Emergency Shutdown* - Four (4) seconds after a valid ES input, P2-7 is present, all control outputs will be turned off and remain off until the emergency shutdown input is no longer present. The first time that the compressor is started after the control exits the emergency shutdown mode, there will be an anti-short cycle delay followed by a random start delay. Input must be tied to common to activate.

**Load Shed** - The LS input disables all outputs from the ABC control board. When the LS input has been cleared, the anti-short cycle timer and random start timer will be initiated. Input must be tied to common to activate.

### **Aurora 'Base' Control LED Displays**

These three LEDs display the status, configuration, and fault codes for the control. These can also be read in plain English via the Aurora AID Tool.

#### Status LED (LED3, Green)

Description of Operation	Fault LED, Green
Normal Mode	ON
Control is Non-functional	OFF
Test Mode	Slow Flash
Lockout Active	Fast Flash
Dehumidification Mode	Flash Code 2
(Future Use)	Flash Code 3
(Future Use)	Flash Code 4
Load Shed	Flash Code 5
Emergency Shut Down	Flash Code 6
On Peak Mode	Flash Code 7

### **Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool**

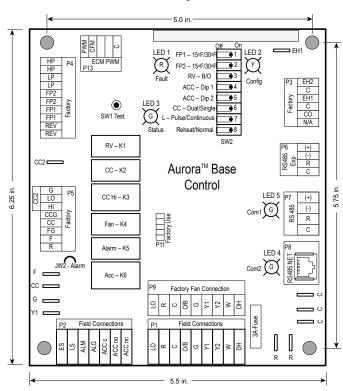
The Aurora Interface and Diagnostics (AID) Tool is a device that is a member of the Aurora network. The AID Tool

is used to troubleshoot equipment which uses the Aurora control via Modbus RTU communication. The AID Tool provides diagnostics, fault management, ECM setup, and system configuration capabilities to the Aurora family of controls. An AID Tool is recommended,



although not required. The AID Tool simply plugs into the exterior of the cabinet in the AID Tool port.

### **ABC Control Board Layout**



### **Aurora 'Advanced' Control Features**

The Aurora 'Advanced'
Control system expands on
the capability of the Aurora
'Base' Control (ABC)
by adding the Aurora
Expansion Board (AXB).
All of the preceding
features of the Aurora
'Base' Control are included.
The following control
description is of the
additional features and
capability of the Aurora
advanced control.



It is highly recommended the installing/servicing contractor obtain an Aurora Interface and Diagnostic Tool (AID) and specialized training before attempting to install or service an Aurora 'Advanced' control system.



The additional AXB features include the following:

#### **AXB DIP Switch**

**DIP 1 - ID**: This is the AXB ModBus ID and should always read On.

#### DIP 2 & 3 - Future Use

**DIP 4 & 5 - Accessory Relay2**: A second, DIP configurable, accessory relay is provided that can be cycled with the compressor 1 or 2, blower, or the Dehumidifier (DH) input. This is to complement the Accessory 1 Relay on the ABC board.

Position	DIP 4	DIP 5	Description
1	ON	ON	Cycles with Fan or ECM (or G)
2	OFF	ON	Cycles with CC1 first stage of compressor or compressor spd 1-12
3	ON	OFF	Cycles with CC2 second stage of compressor or compressor spd 7-12
4	OFF	OFF	Cycles with DH input from ABC board

#### **Variable Speed Pump**

This input and output are provided to drive and monitor a variable speed pump. The VS pump output is a PWM signal to drive the variable speed pump. The minimum and maximum level are set using the AID Tool. 75% and 100% are the default settings respectively. The VS data input allows a separate PWM signal to return from the pump giving fault and performance information. Fault received from the variable speed pump will be displayed as E16. With single speed equipment both min & max should be set to the same value.

#### **Modulating Water Valve**

This output is provided to drive a modulating water valve. Through advanced design the O-10VDC valve can be driven directly from the VS pump output. The minimum and maximum level are set in the same way as the VS pump using the AID Tool. 75% and 100% are the default settings respectively. With single speed equipment both min & max should be set to the same value.

#### **Compressor Monitoring**

The AXB includes two current transducers to monitor the compressor current and starting characteristics. Open circuits or welded contactor faults will be detected. A fault will produce an E10 code.

If the E10 fault code is due to the thermal overload on the compressor being tripped. Ensure adequate water flow on both the load and source side of the unit and review the unit operating envelope. If the unit is operating in the "Sensitive Operating Range", as shown in the OptiHeat Installation Manual, you may need to adjust the leaving load temperatures.

#### **Loop Pump Linking**

This input and output are provided so that two units can be linked together with a common flow center. When either unit has a call for loop pump, both unit's loop pump relays and variable speed pumps are energized. The flow center then can simply be wired to either unit. The output from one unit should be routed to the input of the other. If daisy chained up to 16 heat pumps can be wired and linked together in this fashion.

#### **Advanced Communication Ports**

Communication ports P6 and P8 will provide future expansion via dedicated protocols. These are for future use.

#### Smart Grid-On Peak (SG) Input

The 'On Peak' input was designed to allow utilities to utilize simple radio controlled switches to control the On Electric Peak behavior of the 5 and 7 Series Geothermal Heat Pumps. With a closed contact signal, this input will limit the operation and thus the power consumption of the unit by one of the below selections. The AID Tool will allow configuration of this input for the action of:

- No Action
- Disable compressor operation until removed
- Go to On Peak thermostat settings until removed [Requires Com T-Stat] (Future Release)
- Compressor limited to 50% or low cap until removed [dual capacity or variable speed only] (Future Release)
- Disable compressor operation for 1/2 hr (can be removed immediately) (Future Release)

Then Flash Code 7 on the Green LED for the 'On Peak' mode. And On Peak will display on communicating thermostats.

#### **Home Automation 1 and 2 Inputs**

The Home automation inputs are simple closed contact inputs that will trigger an AID Tool and thermostat alert for the homeowner. These would require optional sensors and or equipment for connection to the AXB board. With two inputs two different sensors can be selected. The selected text will then be displayed on the AID Tool and communicating thermostats. These events will NOT alter functionality or operation of the heat pump/accessories and is for homeowner/service notification only.

#### Home Automation 1 - E23 HA1

With a closed dry contact signal, this input will cause an alarm and Alert Code 23 to indicate on the stat or flash on ABC. The AID Tool will allow configuration of this input between the following selections:

- No Action
- Home Automation Fault [no lockout info only]
  - Output from home automation system
- Security Alarm [no lockout info only]
  - Output from home security
- Sump Alarm Fault [no lockout info only]
  - Switch output from sump sensor
- Smoke/CO Alarm Fault [no lockout info only]
  - Switch output from Smoke/CO sensor
- Dirty Filter Alarm [no lockout info only]
  - Output from dirty filter sensor

#### Home Automation 2 - E24 HA2

With a closed dry contact signal, this input will cause an alarm and Alert Code 24 to indicate on the stat or flash on ABC. The AID Tool will allow configuration of this input between the following selections:

- No Action
- Home Automation Fault [no lockout info only]
  - Output from home automation system
- Security Alarm [no lockout info only]
  - Output from home security
- Sump Alarm Fault [no lockout info only]
  - Switch output from sump sensor
- Smoke/CO Alarm Fault [no lockout info only]
  - Switch output from Smoke/CO sensor
- Dirty Filter Alarm [no lockout info only]
  - Output from dirty filter sensor

### **Monitoring Sensor Kits**

# **Energy monitoring** (Standard Sensor Kit)

The Energy Monitoring Kit includes two current transducers (load pump and electric heat) added to the existing two compressor sensors so that the complete power usage of the heat pump can be measured. The AID Tool provides a line voltage calibration procedure to improve the accuracy, and a power adjustment setting that allows the compressor power to be adjusted to match the units line voltage using the provided tables. This information can be dispayed on the AID Tool.

# Performance and Refrigeration Monitoring (optional sensor kit)

The optional Performance and Refrigeration Monitoring Kits includes a pressure sensor, temperature sensors, and a source side water flow rate sensor. The temperature sensors monitor entering and leaving source, leaving load water, heating liquid line and existing cooling liquid line (FP1). The pressure sensor monitors the system's discharge pressure. With this kit, heat of extraction and rejection will be calculated. This requires configuration using the AID Tool for selection of water or antifreeze. These sensors also allow for the subcooling to be displayed on the AID Tool. NOTE: Superheat displayed on the AID Tool is not true superheat, it is the superheat of the vapor injection circuit.

#### **Power Adjustment Table**

Model		Voltage	
Model	208V	230V	250V
040	.96	.89	.77
050	.96	.89	.77
066	.96	.89	.77

### **Aurora 'Advanced' Control LED Displays**

These three LEDs display the status, configuration, and fault codes for the control. These can also be read in plain English via the Aurora AID Tool.

### Status LED (LED3, Green)

Description of Operation	Fault LED, Green
Normal Mode	ON
Control is Non-functional	OFF
Test Mode	Slow Flash
Lockout Active	Fast Flash
Dehumidification Mode	Flash Code 2
Load Shed	Flash Code 5
Emergency Shutdown	Flash Code 6
On Peak Mode	Flash Code 7
(Future Use)	Flash Code 8
(Future Use)	Flach Code 9

#### Fault LED (LED1, Red)

	Red Fault LED	LED Flash Code *	Lockout	Reset/ Remove	Fault Condition Summary
Γ	Normal - No Faults	Off	-		
l vi	Fault-Input	1	No	Auto	Tstat input error. Autoreset upon condition removal.
ault	Fault-High Pressure	2	Yes	Hard or Soft	HP switch has tripped (>650 psi)
ĮĔ,	Fault-Low Pressure	3	Yes	Hard or Soft	Low Pressure Switch has tripped (<40 psi for 30 continuous sec.)
Sic	Fault-Freeze Detection FP2	4	Yes	Hard or Soft	Freeze protection sensor has tripped (<15 or 30 degF for 30 continuous sec.)
m	Fault-Freeze Detection FP1	5	Yes	Hard or Soft	Freeze protection sensor has tripped (<15 or 30 degF for 30 continuous sec.)
18	Fault-Condensate Overflow	7	Yes	Hard or Soft	Condensate switch has shown continuity for 30 continuous sec.
٩	Fault-Over/Under Voltage	8	No	Auto	Instantaneous voltage is out of range. **Controls shut down until resolved.
L	Fault-FP1 Snsr Error	11	Yes	Hard or Soft	If FP1 Sensor Error
۱	Fault-Compressor Monitor	10	Yes	Hard or Soft	Open Crkt, Run, Start or welded cont, Comp operation in sensitive operating range
#  #	Non-CriticAXBSnsrErr	13	No	Auto	Any Other Sensor Error
Fa	CriticAXBSnsrErr	14	Yes	Hard or Soft	Sensor Error for EEV or HW
l e	Alert-HotWtr	15	No	Auto	HW over limit or logic lockout. HW pump deactivated.
and	Fault-VarSpdPump	16	No	Auto	Alert is read from PWM feedback.
∮	Not Used	17	No	Auto	IZ2 Com Fault. Autoreset upon condition removal.
XB A	Non-CritComErr	18	No	Auto	Any non-critical com error
Ι¥	Fault-CritComErr	19	No	Auto	Any critical com error. Auto reset upon condition removal
ø	Alarm - Low Loop Pressure	21	No	Auto	Loop pressure is below 3 psi for more than 3 minutes
P	Alarm - Home Automation 1	23	No	Auto	Closed contact input is present on Dig 2 input - Text is configurable
Ľ	Alarm - Home Automation 2	24	No	Auto	Closed contact input is present on Dig 3 input - Text is configurable

#### NOTES:

\*All codes >11 use long flash for tens digit and short flash for the ones digit. 20, 30, 40, 50 etc. are skipped!

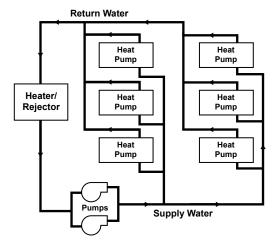
Alert' is a noncritical sensor or function that has failed. Normal operation of the heat pump is maintained but service is desired at some point.

## **Application Notes**

#### The Closed Loop Heat Pump Concept

The basic principle of a water source heat pump is the transfer of heat into water from the space during cooling, or the transfer of heat from water into the space during heating. Extremely high levels of energy efficiency are achieved as electricity is used only to move heat, not to produce it. Using our typical water-to-water heat pump one unit of electricity will move four to five units of heat.

When multiple water source heat pumps are combined on a common circulating loop, the ultimate in energy efficiency is created: The water-to-water units on cooling mode are adding heat to the loop which the units in heating mode can absorb, thus removing heat from the area where cooling is needed, recovering and redistributing that heat for possible utilization elsewhere in the system. In modern commercial structures, this characteristic of heat recovery from core area heat generated by lighting, office equipment, computers, solar radiation, people or other sources, is an important factor in the high efficiency and low operating costs of our closed source heat pump systems.



In the event that a building's net heating and cooling requirements create loop temperature extremes, our units have the extended range capacity and versatility to maintain a comfortable environment for all building areas. Excess heat can be stored for later utilization or be added or removed in one of three ways; by ground-source heat exchanger loops: plate heat exchangers connected to other water sources, or conventional cooler/boiler configurations. Your sales representative has the expertise and computer software to assist in determining optimum system type for specific applications.

#### The Closed Loop Advantage

A properly applied water source heat pump system offers many advantages over other systems. First costs are low because units can be added to the loop on an "as needed basis"- perfect for speculative buildings. Installed costs are low since units are self-contained and can be located adjacent to the occupied space, requiring minimal ductwork. Maintenance can be done on individual units without system shut-down. Conditions remain comfortable since each unit operates separately, allowing cooling in one area and heating in another. Tenant spaces can be finished and added as needed. Power billing to tenants is also convenient since each unit can be individually metered: each pays for what each uses. Nighttime and/or weekend uses of certain areas are possible without heating or cooling the entire facility. A decentralized system also means if one unit should fault, the rest of the system will continue to operate normally, as well as eliminating air cross-contamination problems and expensive high pressure duct systems requiring an inefficient electric resistance reheat mode.

#### The Best Approach

There are a number of proven choices in the type of system which would be best for any given application. Most often considered are:

Vertical - Closed Loop/Ground Source



• Closed Loop/Ground-Source Systems utilize the stable temperatures of the earth to maintain proper water source temperatures (via vertical or horizontal closed loop heat exchangers) for our extended range heat pump system. Sizes range from a single unit through many hundreds of units. When net cooling requirements cause closed loop water temperatures to rise, heat is dissipated into the cooler earth through buried high strength plastic pipe "heat exchangers." Conversely if net space heating demands cause loop heat absorption beyond that heat recovered from building core areas, the loop temperature will fall causing heat to be extracted from the earth. Due to the extended loop temperatures, AHRI/ISO 13256-1/13256-2 Ground Loop Heat Pumps are required for this application.

Because auxiliary equipment such as a fossil fuel boiler and cooling tower are not required to maintain the loop temperature, operating and maintenance costs are very low. Ground-source systems are most applicable in residential and light commercial buildings where both heating and cooling are desired, and on larger envelope dominated structures where core heat recovery will not meet overall heating loads. Both vertical and horizontally installed closed-loops can be used. The land space required for the "heat exchangers" is 100-250 sq. ft./ton on vertical (drilled) installations and 750-1500 sq. ft./ton for horizontal (trenched) installations. Closed loop heat exchangers can be located under parking areas or even under the building itself.

On large multi-unit systems, sizing the closed loop heat exchanger to meet only the net heating loads and assisting in the summer with a closed circuit cooling tower may be the most cost effective choice.

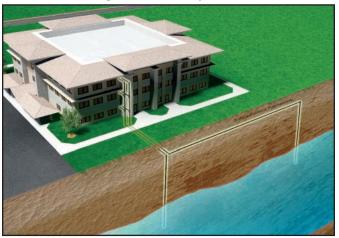
Surface Water - Closed Loop/Ground Source



• Closed Loop/Ground-Source Surface Water Systems also utilize the stable temperatures of Surface Water to maintain proper water source temperatures for our extended range heat pump systems. These systems have all of the advantages of horizontal and vertical closed loop systems. Due to the extended loop temperatures, AHRI/ISO 13256-1/13256-2 Ground Water or Ground Loop Heat Pumps are required for this application.

In cooling dominated structures, the ground-source surface water systems can be very cost effective especially where local building codes require water retention ponds for short term storage of surface run-off. Sizing requirements for the surface water is a minimum of 500 sq. ft./ton of surface area at a minimum depth of 8 feet. Your sales representative should be contacted when designs for heating dominated structures are required.

Plate Heat Exchanger - Closed Loop/Ground Water



• Closed Loop/Ground Water Plate Heat Exchanger Systems utilize lake, ocean, well water or other water sources to maintain closed loop water temperatures in multi-unit systems. A plate frame heat exchanger isolates the units from any contaminating effects of the water source, and allows periodic cleaning of the heat exchanger during off peak hours.

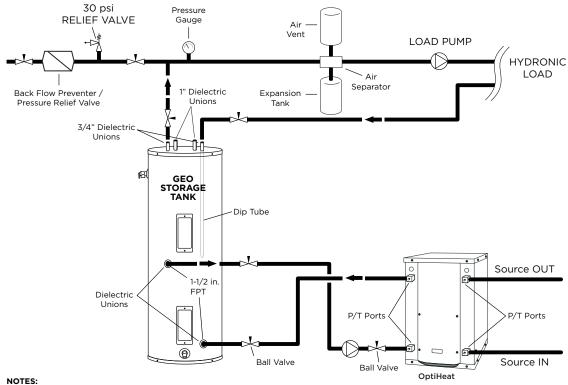
Operation and benefits are similar to those for ground-source systems. Due to the extended loop temperatures, AHRI/ISO 13256-1/13256-2 Ground Loop Heat Pumps are required for this application. Closed loop plate heat exchanger systems are applicable in commercial, marine, or industrial structures where the many benefits of a water source heat pump system are desired, regardless of whether the load is heating or cooling dominated.

Cooler/Boiler - Closed Loop



• Closed Loop /Cooler-Boiler Systems utilize a closed heat recovering loop with multiple water source heat pumps in the more conventional manner. Typically a boiler is employed to maintain closed loop temperatures above 60°F and a cooling tower to maintain loop temperatures below 90°F. These systems are applicable in medium to large buildings regardless of whether the load is heating or cooling dominated. Due to the moderate loop temperatures, AHRI/ISO 13256-1 Water Loop Heat Pumps are required for this application.

## **Typical Application Piping**



## **Application Notes**

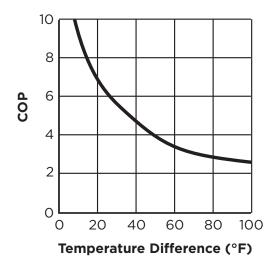
Heating with hot water is versatile because there are many ways of distributing the heat through the building. The options range from heavy cast iron radiators seen in older buildings to modern, baseboard-style convection radiation, and from invisible radiant floor heating to forced air systems using fan coil units.

The various distribution systems have all been used successfully with a geothermal heat pump system. When designing or retrofitting an existing hydronic heating system, however, the water temperature produced by the heat pump is a major consideration and should be compared to the system requirements.

The efficiency decreases as the temperature difference ( $\Delta T$ ) between the heat load (generally the earth loop) and the supply water (to the distribution system) increases. Figure 1 illustrates the effect of source and load temperatures on the system. The heating capacity of the heat pump also decreases as the temperature difference increases.

When using the various types of hydronic heat distribution systems, the temperature limits of the geothermal system must be considered. In new construction, the distribution system can easily be designed with the temperature limits in mind. In retrofits, care must be taken to address the operating temperature limits of the existing distribution system.

**Figure 1:** As the  $\Delta T$  increases, the Coefficient of Performance (COP) decreases. When the system produces 130°F water from a 30°F earth loop, the  $\Delta T$  is 100°F, and the COP is approximately 2.5. If the system is producing water at 90°F, the  $\Delta T$  is 60°F and the COP rises to about 3.8, an increase of over 50%.



#### **Baseboard Radiation**

In existing systems, baseboard radiation is typically designed to operate with 160° to 240°F water or steam. Baseboard units are typically copper pipe with aluminum fins along the length of the pipe, as shown in Figure 2. A decorative cover is normally fitted over the fin tube.

The operation of a baseboard radiation system depends on setting up a convection current in the room: air is warmed by the fin tube, rises and is displaced by cool air.

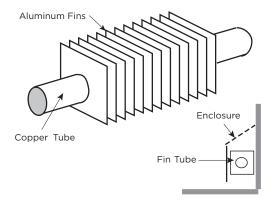
The heating capacity of a baseboard system is a factor of the area of copper tube and fins exposed to the air and the temperature difference between the air and the fin tube. The velocity and volume of water flowing through the baseboard affects the temperature of the copper and fins. Baseboard units are normally rated in heat output/length of baseboard at a standard water temperature and flow. Manufacturers can provide charts which will give the capacities at temperatures and flows below the standard. Figure 3 shows approximate heating capacities for fin tube radiation using water from 110 to 150°F water.

Baseboards are available using two or three fin tubes tiered above one another in the same cabinet. With the additional surface area, the air can be heated enough to set up a convection current with water temperatures as low as 110° to 150°F (see Figure 3).

It is important to ensure that the heat output of the system is adequate to meet the heat loss of the room or building at the temperatures the geothermal system is capable of producing.

Baseboard radiation is limited to space heating. Cooling is typically provided by a separate, forced air distribution system.

**Figure 2:** Baseboard radiators are typically constructed of copper tube with closely spaced aluminum fins attached to provide more surface area to dissipate heat. Some of the factors affecting the amount of heat given off by fin tube radiators are the water temperature, water velocity, air temperature, and fin spacing and size.



The heating capacity (Btu/h per linear foot) of baseboard radiators drop as the water temperature is reduced. The heating capacity of most baseboard radiators is rated using 200°F water, 65°F air temperature. Listed in Figure 3 is the range of heating capacities of baseboard radiators at the standard temperatures and the range of capacities when the temperatures are reduced to the operating range of a heat pump system. Some of the factors that affect the capacity of a radiator are:

- Size of the fins range from 2.75 in. x 3 in. to 4 in. x 4 in.
- Fin spacing 24 to 48/foot
- Diameter of copper tube range from .75 in. to 2 in.
- · Fin material aluminum or steel
- · Configuration and height of the enclosure
- · Height unit is mounted from the floor
- Water flow through the radiator

Generally, the smaller fins with fewer fins/foot will have lower heating capacity. Larger copper tube diameter and aluminum fins will have a higher capacity. Higher water flow will increase capacity. Adding a second fin tube to the same enclosure will increase the capacity by 50 to 60%. Adding two fin tubes will increase the capacity by 75 to 80%.

Figure 3: Heating output per linear foot (Btu/h)

Average	Enteri	ng Air Temper	atures
Water Temp.	55°F	65°F	70°F
110°F	190-380	160-320	150-300
120°F	240-480	205-410	195-390
130°F	295-590	265-532	245-490
140°F	355-710	335-650	300-600
150°F	420-830	415-780	360-720

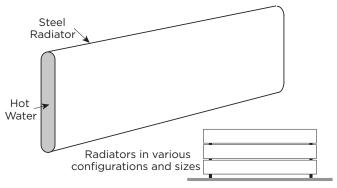
#### **Cast Iron Radiation**

Retrofit applications for hydronic/geothermal heat pump systems are often required to work with existing cast iron radiators or their replacements (see Figure 4). Typically, cast iron radiator systems operate with water temperatures of 125° to 160°F.

The OptiHeat was specifically designed to meet these higher temperatures. Cast iron radiators can work with geothermal systems, provided the heat output of the radiators will meet the maximum heat loss of the building at the lower temperatures.

If the insulation of the building has been upgraded since the original installation, it is possible that the lower temperatures will be able to meet the reduced heat loss of the building.

Figure 4: Baseboard System



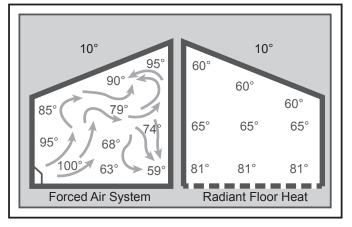
### **Radiant Floor Heating**

Radiant floor heating has been the system of choice in many parts of Europe for some time. Manufacturers have developed tubing designed for installation in concrete floors and raised wood floors.

Floor heating systems have several benefits in residential, commercial and industrial heating applications. In a building with a radiant floor heating system, the entire floor acts as a heat source for the room. People feel comfortable with lower air temperatures if their feet are warm. Typically the space will feel comfortable with air temperatures as low as 65°F. Since the heat loss of a building is directly related to the temperature difference ( $\Delta T$ ) between the inside and outside, a lower  $\Delta T$  means the heat loss is lower.

Air temperatures in a room with a forced air heating system tend to be warmer nearer to the ceiling than the floor (see Figure 5). The hot air rises and creates a greater pressure imbalance between the inside and outside. The infiltration increases, resulting in a higher heat loss. Air temperatures in a room with radiant floor heating tend to be warmer at the floor than the ceiling, helping to cut down on infiltration in the building. The energy savings in a building with radiant floor heating can range from 10 to 20%.

Figure 5: Temperature Comparison



A floor heat system can be designed to heat a building with water temperatures as low as 90°F.

Figure 1 shows how a geothermal system operates more efficiently with a lower  $\Delta T$  between the source and the load. With only a 60°F temperature difference, a hydronic geothermal heat pump will operate at COPs, about 20% higher than a forced air geothermal system in the same installation.

Some of the factors affecting the heating capacity of a floor heating system are as follows:

- The type of finish flooring
- The spacing of the pipe
- · The water flow through the pipe
- · The temperature of the supply water
- The floor material (wood, concrete or poured Gypcrete<sup>™</sup>)
- · Insulation value under the floor
- · The piping layout

The spacing of the pipe in residential applications can vary from 4 in. to 12 in. If the spacing is too large, the temperature of the floor can vary noticeably. In industrial applications, variation in the floor temperature is not as important, and the spacing is related directly to the heat output required.

Radiant floor heating systems work well with geothermal heat pump systems. For efficient operation, the system must be designed with the lowest possible water temperatures.

There are some drawbacks with a radiant floor heating system. Air conditioning is only possible by adding a second system using forced air. This can add substantial cost to an installation where air conditioning is also needed. A separate air handling system is needed to clean the air or to introduce fresh air.

Industrial buildings, especially those with high ceilings and large overhead doors, have an advantage with a radiant floor heating system. Heat is stored in the concrete floor, and when a door is opened, the stored heat is immediately released to the space. The larger the  $\Delta T$  between the air in the space and the floor, the quicker the floor releases its heat to the space.

Maintenance garages benefit from radiant floor heating systems. Cold vehicles brought into the garage are warmed from underneath. The snow melts off the vehicle and dries much more quickly than when heated from above.

Some pipe manufacturers include an oxygen diffusion barrier in the pipe to prevent oxygen diffusion through the pipe. Good system design and careful installation, however, will eliminate virtually all of the problems encountered with air in the system. Like earth loop design, it is important to design the system to facilitate flushing the air initially and ensuring that the flows can be balanced properly.

#### **Fan Coil Units and Air Handlers**

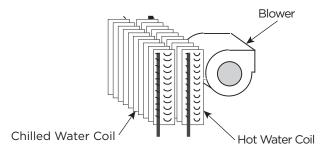
Fan coil units, air handlers, force flow units, etc. are all basically a hot water radiator or coil (usually copper piping with aluminum fins) with a fan or blower to move the air over the coil (see Figure 6). The term "fan coil units" typically applies to smaller units that are installed in the zone or area in which heating (or cooling) is needed. They are available in many different configurations, sizes and capacities. Fan coil units are designed to be connected to a ductwork system and can be used to replace a forced air furnace. Other units are designed for use without ductwork and are mounted in a suspended ceiling space with only a grill showing in place of a ceiling tile. Some can be mounted on a wall under a window, projecting 8 in. to 10 in. into the room or even flush to the wall surface, mounted between wall studs. Some are available with or without finished, decorative cabinets. For industrial applications, inexpensive "unit heaters" are available, with only a coil and an axial fan. Fan coil units and unit heaters are normally available with air handling capacities of 200 to 2,000 cfm.

The term "air handler" normally applies to larger units, mounted in mechanical rooms, mechanical crawl spaces or rooftops. They typically have an air handling capacity of over 2,000 cfm and are available for capacities of up to 50,000 cfm. Air handlers are typically built for a specific installation and are available with many different types of heating and cooling coils. They can include additional coils for heating make-up air, dehumidification and exhaust air heat recovery.

Fan coils and air handlers typically have one or two coils and a blower. Air is heated by hot water circulated through the hot water coil. Chilled water is circulated through the coil if air conditioning is needed. Blowers can be provided to fit various applications, with or without duct-work. Unit heaters typically use axial fans in applications where ductwork is not needed.

Fan coil units and air handlers are used in many different applications. They have been used to heat buildings using water temperatures as low as 90° to 100°F. New systems can be designed to operate very efficiently with a geothermal system.

Figure 6: Fan Coils



### **Cooling with a Hydronic System**

Cooling a building with an existing radiant hydronic heating system can be a challenge. If baseboard, cast iron radiators or a radiant floor heating system is cooled lower than the dew point, condensation will form on the floor or drip off the radiators.

There is generally minimal or no ductwork for ventilation in existing buildings with radiant hydronic heat. Typically, cooling is provided with separate units where it is needed. This is often done using through-the-wall or window air conditioners, ductless split air conditioning units, or rooftop units.

A water-to-water heat pump system can provide water to ducted or unducted fan coil units. The system can provide chilled water to cool the building, as well as hot water for the heating system when needed.

A limited amount of cooling can be done by circulating chilled water through the piping in the floor. This can be effective in buildings with high solar loads or lighting loads, where much of the heat gain is radiant heat being absorbed by the floor. Cooling fresh air used for ventilation as it is brought into the building, using a chilled water coil, can sometimes provide the additional cooling needed. Care must be taken to avoid cooling the floor below the dew point because condensation may form on the floor.

Buildings with fan coil units and air handlers can generally be easily retrofitted for cooling. Often it is simply a matter of adding a cooling coil to the existing air handlers and fan coil units. Water-to-water heat pumps can provide hot water for the heating coils as well as chilled water for the air conditioning.

#### **Controls**

The control of a mechanical system determines how it functions. For the building to work efficiently and comfortably, the building owner or manager must understand what the system is doing and how to control it.

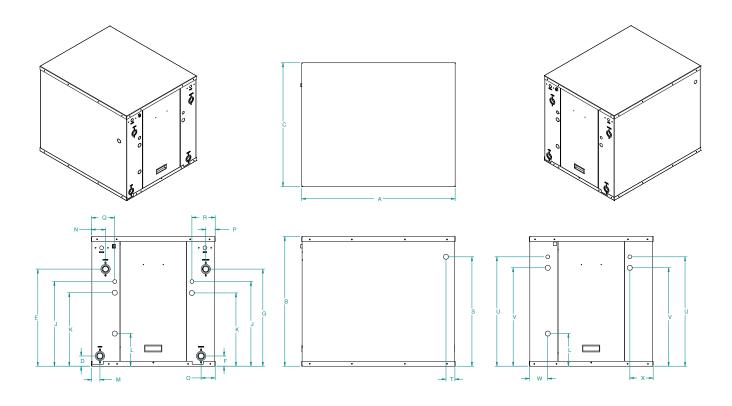
As Figure 1 shows, the efficiency of a heat pump is a factor of the difference in temperature between the source and the load. The heat loss or heat gain of a building varies with the weather and the use of the building. As the outdoor temperature decreases, the heat loss of the building increases. When the ventilation system is started up, the heating or cooling loads increase. As the occupancy increases, lighting or the solar gain increases, and the cooling load increases. At times the building may require virtually no heating or cooling.

With hydronic heating and cooling distribution equipment, whether it is baseboard radiation, fan coil units or radiant floor heating, the output of the equipment is directly related to the temperature and velocity of the water flowing through it. Baseboard radiation puts out approximately 50% less heat with 110°F water than with 130°F water. The same is true with fan coil units and radiant floor heating.

If a system is designed to meet the maximum heat loss of a building with 130°F water, it follows that if the heat loss is 50% lower when the outdoor temperature is higher and the building has high internal gains because of lighting and occupancy, the lower heat loss can be met with 110°F water. This greatly increases the COP of the heat pumps.

The same control strategy is equally effective in cooling. During peak loads, water chilled to 40°F may be needed; at other times 55°F water will provide adequate cooling. Significant increases in the EER can be achieved. Latent loads must always be considered when using warmer water.

# **Dimensional Data**



		_	verall Cabin	-4			Water Co	nnections			Elec	trical Knock	couts
		0	verali Cabin	iet			water Co	nnections			J	К	L
Mo	del	Α	В	С	D	D E F		G			1/2" cond	3/4" cond	3/4" cond
		Depth	Height	Width	Load	Load	Source	Source	Load	Source	Low	High	High
		Бериі	Height	WIGHT	Liquid In	Liquid Out	Liquid In	Liquid Out	Water FPT	Water FPT	Voltage	Voltage	Voltage
040	in.	31.0	26.2	25.0	2.1	19.6	2.1	19.6	1"	1"	17.1	14.8	6.5
040	mm	787.4	665.5	635.0	53.3	497.8	53.3	497.8	25.4	25.4	434.3	375.9	165.0
050	in.	31.0	26.2	25.0	2.2	20.6	2.2	20.6	1-1/4"	1-1/4"	17.1	14.8	6.5
030	mm	787.4	665.5	635.0	55.9	523.2	55.9	523.2	31.8	31.8	434.3	375.9	165.0
066	in.	31.0	26.2	25.0	2.4	23.3	2.4	23.3	1-1/4"	1-1/4"	18.0	15.8	6.5
000	mm	787.4	665.5	635.0	61.0	592.0	61.0	592.0	31.8	31.8	457.0	401.0	165.0

			Water Co	nnections		Electrical	Knockout	Electrical	Knockout	Electrical	Knockout	Electrical	Knockout
Mo	del	М	M N O P		Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	Х	
		Load Liquid In	Load Liquid Out	Source Liquid In	Source Liquid Out	High/Low Voltage	High/Low Voltage	Power Supply	Power Supply	Low Voltage	Power Supply	High/Low Voltage	High/Low Voltage
040	in.	1.6	2.8	2.8	1.6	4.7	4.7	22.0	1.8	22.0	19.8	3.7	3.7
040	mm	40.6	69.9	69.9	40.6	119.4	119.4	559.0	45.7	559.0	503.0	94.0	94.0
050	in.	1.8	3.6	3.6	2.0	4.7	4.7	22.0	1.8	22.0	19.8	3.7	3.7
030	mm	45.7	91.4	91.4	50.8	119.4	119.4	559.0	45.7	559.0	503.0	94.0	94.0
066	in.	1.8	4.0	4.0	1.8	4.7	4.7	22.0	1.8	22.0	19.8	3.7	3.7
000	mm	45.7	101.6	101.6	45.7	119.4	119.4	559.0	45.7	559.0	503.0	94.0	94.0

# **Physical Data**

Model	040	050	066
Compressor (1 each)		Scroll	
Factory Charge R410A, oz [kg]	94 [2.66]	108 [3.06]	142 [4.02]
Coax & Piping Water Volume - gal [I]	1.0 [3.94]	1.4 [5.25]	1.6 [6.13]
Weight - Operating, lb [kg]	313 [142.0]	348 [157.9]	368 [166.9]
Weight - Packaged, lb [kg]	328 [148.8]	363 [164.7]	383 [173.7]

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# **Electrical Data**

Model	Rated	Voltage		C	ompressor		Load	Source	Total Unit	Min Ckt	Maximum Fuse/HACR	
Model	Voltage	Min/Max	мсс	RLA	LRA	LRA*	Pump	Pump	FLA	Amp		
040	208-230/60/1	198/254	27.7	17.8	135.0	47.0	1.8	5.4	25.0	29.5	45	
050	208-230/60/1	198/254	37.8	24.2	178.0	-	1.8	5.4	31.4	37.5	60	
066	208-230/60/1	198/254	40.3	25.8	178.0	-	1.8	5.4	33.0	39.5	60	

Notes:All fuses type "D" time delay (or HACR circuit breaker in USA). Source pump amps shown are for up to a 1/2 HP pump Load pump amps shown are for small circulators.

7/08/14

## **Antifreeze Correction**

Catalog performance can be corrected for antifreeze use. Please use the following table and note the example given.

Antifreeze	Antifreeze	Hea	ting	Coo	ling	Pressure
Туре	% by wt	Load	Source	Load	Source	Drop
EWT - °F [°C]		80 [26.7]	30 [-1.1]	50 [10.0]	90 [32.2]	30 [-1.1]
Water	0	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
	10	0.990	0.973	0.976	0.991	1.075
	20	0.978	0.943	0.947	0.979	1.163
Ethylene Glycol	30	0.964	0.917	0.921	0.965	1.225
O.yco.	40	0.953	0.890	0.897	0.955	1.324
	50	0.942	0.865	0.872	0.943	1.419
	10	0.981	0.958	0.959	0.981	1.130
	20	0.967	0.913	0.921	0.969	1.270
Propylene Glycol	30	0.946	0.854	0.869	0.950	1.433
O.yco.	40	0.932	0.813	0.834	0.937	1.614
	50	0.915	0.770	0.796	0.922	1.816
	10	0.986	0.927	0.945	0.991	1.242
	20	0.967	0.887	0.906	0.972	1.343
Ethanol	30	0.944	0.856	0.869	0.947	1.383
	40	0.926	0.815	0.830	0.930	1.523
	50	0.907	0.779	0.795	0.911	1.639
	10	0.985	0.957	0.962	0.986	1.127
	20	0.969	0.924	0.929	0.970	1.197
Methanol	30	0.950	0.895	0.897	0.951	1.235
	40	0.935	0.863	0.866	0.936	1.323
	50	0.919	0.833	0.836	0.920	1.399



WARNING: Gray area represents antifreeze concentrations greater than 35% by weight and should be avoided due to the extreme performance penalty they represent.

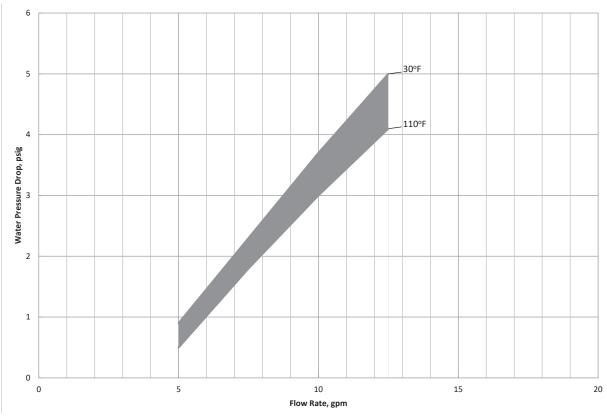
### **Antifreeze Correction Example**

Antifreeze solution is propylene glycol 20% by weight for the source and methanol 10% for the load. Determine the corrected heating at 30°F source and 80°F load as well as pressure drop at 30°F for an 050. Also, determine the corrected cooling at 90°F source and 50°F load.

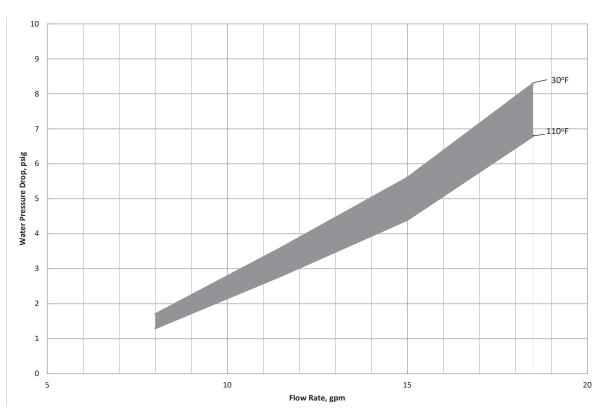
The corrected heating capacity at  $30^{\circ}\text{F/80^{\circ}F}$  would be:  $45,600 \text{ BTU/H} \times 0.913 \times 0.985 = 41,008 \text{ BTU/H}$  The corrected cooling capacity at  $90^{\circ}\text{F/50^{\circ}F}$  would be:  $41,700 \times 0.969 \times 0.962 = 38,871 \text{ BTU/H}$  The corrected pressure drop at  $30^{\circ}\text{F}$  and 15 GPM would be:  $5.6 \text{ psi} \times 1.270 = 7.11 \text{ psi}$ 

# **Water Pressure Drop**

### Model 040

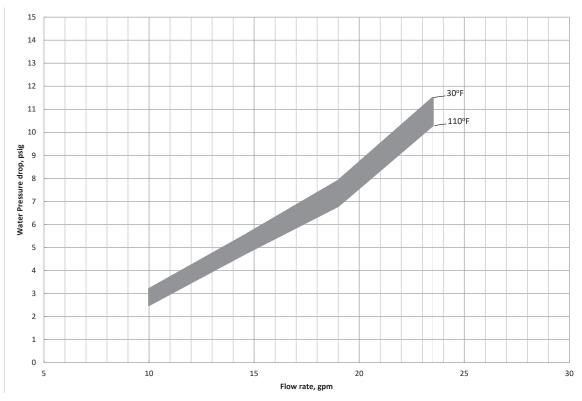


#### Model 050



# **Water Pressure Drop cont.**

### Model 066

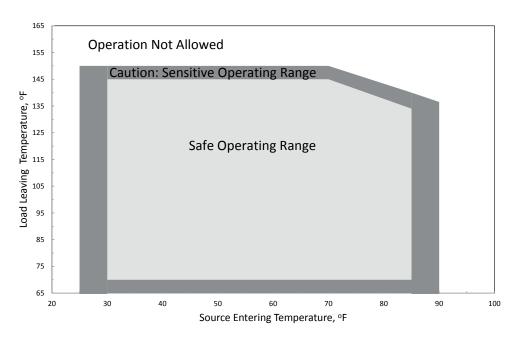


# **Pressure Drop**

Model	CDM			Pı	ressure D	rop (psi)		
Model	GPM	30°F	50°F	70°F	90°F	110°F	130°F	150°F
	5.0	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.3
040	7.5	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.5
040	10.0	3.7	3.5	3.3	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.7
	12.5	5.0	4.7	4.4	4.2	4.1	3.9	3.7
	8.0	1.7	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
OFO	11.5	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.6	2.5
050	15.0	5.6	5.4	5.0	4.6	4.4	4.3	4.1
	18.5	8.3	8.1	7.6	7.2	6.8	6.6	6.4
	10.0	3.2	3.0	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.3
066	14.5	5.5	5.3	5.1	4.9	4.7	4.6	4.5
066	19.0	7.9	7.6	7.3	7.1	6.8	6.6	6.5
050	23.5	11.5	11.3	11.0	10.8	10.3	10.1	9.9

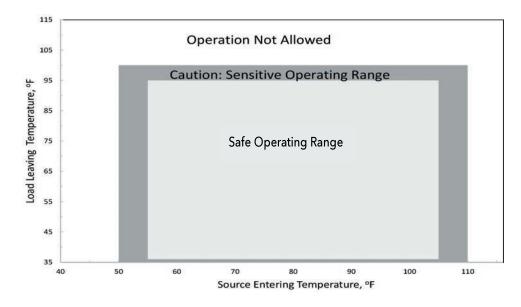
7/8/14

# **Heating Operating Envelope**



If you are experiencing E10 faults caused by the thermal limit in the compressor being tripped and the unit is operating in or close to the "Sensitive Operating Range" you may need to increase load water flow or decrease the set point. Increasing the load water flow will lower the discharge pressure and compressor temperature.

# **Cooling Operating Envelope**



## **Reference Calculations**

Heating Calculations:

LWT = EWT - HE  $\overline{GPM \times C^*}$ 

 $HE = C^* \times GPM \times (EWT - LWT)$ 

 $LWT = EWT + HR \over GPM \times C^*$ 

 $HR = C^* \times GPM \times (LWT - EWT)$ 

**Cooling Calculations:** 

NOTE: \* C = 500 for pure water, 485 for brine.

## **Legend and Notes**

#### **Abbreviations and Definitions**

ELT = entering load fluid temperature to heat pump kW = kilowatts

SWPD = source coax water pressure drop EST = entering source fluid temperature to heat pump

LLT = leaving load fluid temperature from heat pump HE = heat extracted in MBTUH

PSI = pressure drop in pounds per square inch LST = leaving source fluid temperature from heat pump

FT HD = pressure drop in feet of head COP = coefficient of performance, heating [HC/kW x 3.413]

LWPD = load coax water pressure drop EER = energy efficiency ratio, cooling LWT = leaving water temperature TC = total cooling capacity in MBTUH

EWT = entering water temperature HR = heat rejected in MBTUH

#### **Notes to Performance Data Tables**

Brine = water with a freeze inhibiting solution

The following notes apply to all performance data tables:

- Three flow rates are shown for each unit. The lowest flow rate shown is used for geothermal open loop/well water systems with a minimum of 50°F EST. The middle flow rate shown is the minimum geothermal closed loop flow rate. The highest flow rate shown is optimum for geothermal closed loop systems and the suggested flow rate for boiler/tower applications.
- Entering water temperatures below 40°F assumes 15% antifreeze solution.
- Interpolation between ELT, EST, and GPM data is permissible.
- Operation in the gray areas is not recommended.

# **Performance Data**

### 040-Heating

Soi	urce	l		Load F	Flow - 5	5 GPM				Lo	ad Flov	v - 8 GP	M		1	Loa	ad Flow	/ - 10 GPN	<u></u>	
	Flow	ELT	LLT	HC	Power			LST	LLT	нс	Power	HE		LST	LLT	HC	Power			LST
°F	GPM	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	MBTUH	COP	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	MBTUH	СОР	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	COP	°F
		60	72.7	31.7	1.8	25.4	5.0	19.5	68.0	32.0	1.8	25.8	5.2	19.3	66.4	32.2	1.8	26.2	5.4	19.2
		80	93.0	32.5	2.3	24.6	4.1	19.9	88.2	32.8	2.3	25.1	4.2	19.7	86.6	33.0	2.2	25.4	4.3	19.5
	5	100	113.3	33.4	3.0	23.3	3.3	20.4	108.4	33.7	2.9	23.9	3.4	20.2	106.8	33.9	2.8	24.3	3.5	20.0
		130	144.0	35.0	3.9	21.8	2.6	21.0	138.8	35.3	3.8	22.5	2.7	20.7	137.1	35.5	3.7	22.9	2.8	20.5
İ		140				ecommer			148.9	35.5	4.2	21.2	2.5	21.3	147.1	35.7	4.1	21.7	2.5	21.1
		60	73.0	32.4	1.9	26.1	5.1	23.3	68.2	32.7	1.8	26.5	5.3	23.2	66.6	32.9	1.8	26.9	5.4	23.1
İ		80	93.3	33.2	2.5	24.7	3.9	23.6	88.4	33.5	2.4	25.3	4.1	23.5	86.7	33.7	2.4	25.6	4.2	23.4
30	8	100	113.6	33.9	3.1	23.4	3.2	24.0	108.6	34.3	3.0	24.0	3.3	23.8	106.9	34.5	3.0	24.4	3.4	23.7
		130	144.0	35.1	4.0	21.3	2.5	24.5	138.9	35.4	3.9	22.0	2.6	24.3	137.1	35.6	3.8	22.5	2.7	24.2
		140		Operatio	n not r	ecommer	nded		149.0	35.8	4.2	21.4	2.5	24.5	147.2	36.0	4.1	21.9	2.6	24.4
		60	73.2	32.9	1.9	26.5	5.2	24.5	68.3	33.2	1.8	27.0	5.4	24.4	66.7	33.4	1.8	27.3	5.5	24.4
		80	93.5	33.8	2.4	25.7	4.2	24.7	88.5	34.1	2.3	26.3	4.4	24.6	86.9	34.3	2.3	26.6	4.5	24.5
	10	100	113.8	34.5	3.0	24.3	3.4	25.0	108.7	34.8	2.9	24.9	3.5	24.9	107.0	35.0	2.8	25.3	3.6	24.8
		130	144.2	35.5	3.9	22.1	2.7	25.4	138.9	35.8	3.8	22.8	2.8	25.3	137.2	36.0	3.7	23.3	2.8	25.2
		140				ecommer			149.0	36.0	4.2	21.5	2.5	25.6	147.2	36.2	4.2	22.0	2.6	25.5
		60	74.8	37.0	1.8	30.9	6.1	37.3	69.3	37.3	1.7	31.4	6.3	37.1	67.5	37.5	1.7	31.7	6.5	36.9
	_	80	95.2	38.1	2.3	30.4	4.9	37.5	89.6	38.4	2.2	30.9	5.1	37.2	87.7	38.7	2.2	31.3	5.3	37.1
	5	100	115.6	39.0	3.0	29.0	3.9	38.1	109.8	39.4	2.9 3.7	29.6	4.0 3.3	37.8	107.9	39.6	2.8	30.0	4.1	37.6
		130 140	146.4	41.0	3.8	28.1	_	38.4	140.3	41.3		28.9		38.1	138.3 148.4	41.6 42.0	3.6 4.2	29.3 27.8	3.4	37.9
		60	75.1	37.8	1.8	ecommer 31.7	6.2	41.8	69.5	38.2	1.7	recomm 32.2	6.4	41.7	67.7	38.4	1.7	32.6	6.6	38.5 41.6
		80	95.5	38.8	2.4	30.4	4.6	42.2	89.8	39.2	2.4	31.0	4.8	42.0	87.9	39.4	2.3	31.4	5.0	41.9
50	8	100	115.9	39.8	3.1	29.2	3.8	42.5	110.0	40.1	3.0	29.9	3.9	42.3	108.1	40.4	3.0	30.3	4.0	42.2
"	"	130	146.5	41.2	4.1	27.3	3.0	43.0	140.4	41.6	4.0	28.1	3.1	42.8	138.4	41.9	3.9	28.6	3.2	42.6
İ		140	110.5			ecommer		10.0	110.1			recomm		12.0	148.5	42.4	4.2	28.1	3.0	42.8
İ		60	75.4	38.4	1.8	32.2	6.2	43.4	69.7	38.7	1.8	32.8	6.5	43.2	67.8	39.0	1.7	33.1	6.6	43.2
		80	95.8	39.5	2.3	31.7	5.1	43.5	90.0	39.9	2.2	32.3	5.3	43.3	88.0	40.1	2.2	32.7	5.4	43.3
İ	10	100	116.1	40.3	3.0	30.2	4.0	43.8	110.2	40.7	2.9	30.9	4.1	43.6	108.2	40.9	2.8	31.3	4.2	43.5
İ		130	146.6	41.5	3.8	28.6	3.2	44.1	140.5	41.9	3.7	29.3	3.3	44.0	138.4	42.1	3.6	29.8	3.4	43.9
		140		Operatio	n not r	ecommer	nded			Operati	on not	recomm	ended		148.5	42.6	4.2	28.3	3.0	44.2
		60	77.1	42.8	1.8	36.8	7.1	54.8	70.8	43.2	1.7	37.3	7.4	54.6	68.7	43.4	1.7	37.7	7.6	54.4
		80	99.0	47.4	3.0	37.2	4.6	54.7	91.3	45.2	2.6	36.4	5.1	55.0	88.8	43.8	2.3	35.9	5.6	55.2
ļ	5	100	120.8	52.0	4.2	37.6	3.6	54.5	111.9	47.6	3.4	36.0	4.1	55.2	108.9	44.7	2.9	34.9	4.5	55.6
		130	153.5	58.9	6.1	38.2	2.8	54.3	142.8	51.0	4.8	34.8	3.1	55.7	139.2	45.8	3.9	32.5	3.4	56.6
		140				ecommer						recomm			149.2	45.9	4.2	31.6	3.2	57.0
		60	78.0	44.9	1.8	38.9	7.5	60.0	71.2	44.6	1.7	38.8	7.6	60.0	68.9	44.4	1.7	38.7	7.8	60.0
		80	99.9	49.7	3.0	39.5	4.9	59.8	91.7	46.8	2.6	38.0	5.3	60.2	89.0	44.9	2.3	37.0	5.7	60.5
70	8	100	121.8	54.6	4.2	40.1	3.8	59.7	112.3	49.0	3.5	37.2	4.1	60.4	109.1	45.4	3.0	35.3	4.5	60.9
		130	154.7	61.8	6.1	41.0	3.0	59.4	143.1	52.4	4.8	36.0	3.2	60.7	139.2	46.1	3.9	32.7	3.4	61.6
		140	70 E			ecommer		61.7	71.4	T .		recomm		61.0	149.3	46.3	4.2	31.8	3.2	61.8
		60 80	78.5 100.5	46.3 51.3	1.8 3.0	40.3	7.7 5.0	61.7 61.5	71.4 91.9	45.6 47.8	1.7 2.6	39.7 38.9	7.8 5.4	61.8 62.0	69.0 89.1	45.1 45.5	1.7 2.3	39.4 37.5	7.9 5.7	61.9 62.3
	10	100	122.5	56.3	4.3	41.8	3.9	61.4	112.6	50.2	3.4	38.5	4.3	62.0	109.2	46.2	2.3	36.3	4.7	62.5
	.5	130			6.1				143.3	53.3	4.8	36.9	3.3	62.4	139.3		3.9	33.0	3.5	63.2
		140	100.0			ecommer		O1.Z	110.0			recomm		02.1	149.3		4.2	32.0	3.2	63.4
		60	81.1	52.7	1.7	47.0	9.1	70.6	73.3	53.2	1.7	47.6	9.4	70.4	70.7	53.5	1.6	48.0	9.6	70.2
		80		53.3	2.3	45.5	6.8		93.4	53.8	2.2	46.2	7.0	71.0	90.8	54.1	2.2	46.6	7.2	70.8
İ	5	100	121.7	54.3	2.9	44.6	5.6		113.7	54.8	2.8	45.3	5.7	71.3	111.0	55.2	2.8	45.7	5.8	71.1
İ		130	151.7	54.3	3.8	41.4	4.2	72.9	143.7	54.8	3.7	42.1	4.3	72.6	141.0	55.1	3.7	42.6	4.4	72.4
		140								Opera	tion no	t recomi	mended	k						
		60	81.6	54.0	1.7	48.2	9.3	77.6	73.6	54.4	1.7	48.8	9.6	77.4	71.0	54.8	1.6	49.2	9.8	8/ <del>/</del> /7.3 <sup>4</sup>
		80	105.1	62.8	3.5	50.7	5.2	76.9	94.5	57.9	2.8	48.4	6.1	77.5	90.9	54.7	2.3	46.8	7.0	77.9
90	z8	100		71.6	5.4	53.2				61.4	3.9	47.9	4.6	77.6	110.9	54.5	3.0	44.4	5.4	78.5
		130	163.9	84.8	8.2	57.0	3.0	75.3	146.6	66.6	5.6	47.3	3.5	77.8	140.9	54.4	4.0	40.9	4.0	79.5
		140					-		Operation not recommended											
		60	81.9	54.8	1.7	48.9	9.4	79.9	73.8	55.3	1.7	49.6	9.7	79.8	71.1	55.6	1.7	50.0	9.9	79.7
		80	102.1	55.4	2.3	47.5		80.2	94.0	55.9	2.3	48.1	7.2	80.1	91.2	56.2	2.2	48.6	7.4	80.0
	10	100		56.1	2.9	46.3		80.4		56.7	2.8	47.0	5.9	80.3	111.4	57.0	2.8	47.5	6.0	80.2
		140	152.0	55.0	3.8	42.0	4.2	81.3	143.9	55.5	3.7	42.7	4.4	81.2	141.2	55.8	3.7	43.2	4.4	81.1
		140								Opera	ונוטוז ווכ	t recomi	mende	ı						

4/14/15

# **Performance Data cont.**

### 040-Cooling

Source		Load Flow - 5 GPM							Load Flow - 8 GPM							Load Flow - 10 GPM						
EST Flow		ELT LLT		тс	Power	HR		LST	LLT	TC Powe		HR		LST	LLT	тс	Power	Power HR		LST		
°F	GPM	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	EER	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	EER	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	EER	°F		
		50	38.7	28.3	1.62	33.8	17.5	63.5	42.7	29.1	1.62	34.6	18.0	63.9	44.1	29.7	1.62	35.2	18.3	64.1		
	_	70	57.6	30.9	1.62	36.4	19.0	64.6	62.1	31.6	1.63	37.1	19.4	64.9	63.6	32.1	1.63	37.6	19.7	65.0		
	5	90	76.6	33.5	1.63	39.1	20.6	65.6	81.5	34.1	1.63	39.6	20.9	65.9	83.1	34.4	1.63	40.0	21.1	66.0		
İ		110	95.5	36.2	1.64	41.7	22.1	66.7	100.9	36.6	1.64	42.1	22.3	66.9	102.6	36.8	1.64	42.4	22.5	67.0		
	8	50	39.0	27.4	1.56	32.7	17.6	58.2	43.0	28.1	1.56	33.5	18.0	58.4	44.3	28.6	1.56	34.0	18.3	58.5		
		70	58.1	29.8	1.56	35.1	19.1	58.8	62.4	30.4	1.56	35.7	19.5	58.9	63.8	30.8	1.56	36.2	19.7	59.0		
50		90	77.2	32.1	1.56	37.4	20.6	59.4	81.8	32.7	1.56	38.0	20.9	59.5	83.4	33.0	1.56	38.3	21.1	59.6		
		110	96.2	34.5	1.56	39.8	22.1	60.0	101.3	34.9	1.56	40.2	22.3	60.1	103.0	35.2	1.56	40.5	22.5	60.1		
		50	39.3	26.8	1.52	32.0	17.6	56.4	43.1	27.5	1.52	32.7	18.1	56.5	44.4	28.0	1.52	33.1	18.4	56.6		
		70	58.4	29.0	1.52	34.2	19.1	56.8	62.6	29.6	1.52	34.8	19.5	57.0	64.0	30.0	1.52	35.2	19.8	57.0		
	10	90	77.5	31.2	1.52	36.4	20.6	57.3	82.1	31.7	1.52	36.9	20.9	57.4	83.6	32.1	1.52	37.2	21.2	57.4		
	l l	110	96.7	33.4	1.52	38.5	22.0	57.7	101.5	33.8	1.51	39.0	22.3	57.8	103.2	34.1	1.51	39.3	22.6	57.9		
		50	39.5	26.3	2.02	33.1	13.0	83.3	43.2	27.1	2.02	34.0	13.4	83.6	44.5	27.7	2.03	34.6	13.7	83.9		
70	5	70	58.1	29.7	2.04	36.7	14.6	84.7	62.4	30.5	2.04	37.5	14.9	85.0	63.8	31.1	2.05	38.1	15.2	85.2		
		90	76.7	33.2	2.06	40.2	16.1	86.1	81.5	33.9	2.06	41.0	16.4	86.4	83.1	34.4	2.07	41.5	16.7	86.6		
		110	95.3	36.7	2.08	43.8	17.6	87.5	100.7	37.3	2.08	44.4	17.9	87.8	102.4	37.8	2.09	44.9	18.1	88.0		
	8	50	39.8	25.6	1.95	32.3	13.1	78.1	43.4	26.4	1.96	33.1	13.5	78.3	44.6	27.0	1.96	33.6	13.8	78.4		
		70	58.5	28.9	1.96	35.6	14.7	78.9	62.6	29.7	1.97	36.4	15.1	79.1	64.0	30.2	1.97	36.9	15.3	79.2		
		90	77.1	32.1	1.98	38.9	16.3	79.7	81.8	32.9	1.98	39.6	16.6	79.9	83.3	33.4	1.98	40.2	16.9	80.0		
		110	95.8	35.4	1.99	42.2	17.8	80.5	101.0	36.1	1.99	42.9	18.1	80.7	102.7	36.6	1.99	43.4	18.4	80.9		
		50	39.9	25.2	1.91	31.7	13.2	76.3	43.5	25.9	1.91	32.5	13.6	76.5	44.7	26.5	1.91	33.0	13.8	76.6		
		70	58.7	28.3	1.92	34.8	14.8	77.0	62.7	29.1	1.92	35.6	15.2	77.1	64.1	29.6	1.92	36.1	15.4	77.2		
	10	90	77.4	31.4	1.92	38.0	16.3	77.6	82.0	32.2	1.92	38.8	16.7	77.8	83.5	32.7	1.92	39.3	17.0	77.9		
		110	96.2	34.5	1.93	41.1	17.9	78.2	101.2	35.3	1.93	41.9	18.3	78.4	102.8	35.8	1.93	42.4	18.6	78.5		
		50	40.3	24.2	2.41	32.5	10.0	103.0	43.7	25.1	2.42	33.4	10.4	103.4	44.8	25.8	2.43	34.0	10.6	103.6		
	5 -	70	58.6	28.6	2.45	36.9	11.7	104.8	62.6	29.5	2.46	37.9	12.0	105.4	64.0	30.1	2.47	38.5	12.2	105.4		
l		90	76.9	32.9	2.49	41.4	13.2	106.5	81.6	33.8	2.50	42.3	13.5	106.9	83.1	34.4	2.50	42.9	13.7	107.2		
		110	95.1	37.2	2.52	45.8	14.8		100.5	38.1	2.53	46.7	15.1	108.7	102.3	38.7	2.54	47.4	15.3	109.0		
	8	50	40.5	23.8	2.34	31.8	10.2	98.0	43.8	24.7	2.35	32.7	10.5	98.2	44.9	25.3	2.34	33.3	10.7	98.3		
l		70	58.8	28.0	2.34	36.1	11.8	99.0	62.8	28.9	2.37	37.0	12.2	99.3	64.1	29.5	2.38	37.6	12.4	99.4		
90		90	77.1	32.1	2.39	40.3	13.4	100.1	81.7	33.1	2.40	41.3	13.8	100.3	83.2	33.8	2.40	42.0	14.1	100.5		
		110	95.5	36.3	2.42	44.6	15.0		100.7	37.3	2.42	45.6	15.4	101.4	102.4	38.0	2.42	46.3	15.7	101.6		
		50	40.6	23.5	2.30	31.3	10.2	96.3	43.9	24.4	2.30	32.2	10.6	96.4	45.0	25.0	2.31	32.8	10.8	96.6		
	10	70	59.0	27.6	2.31	35.5	11.9		62.9	28.5	2.32	36.4	12.3		64.2	29.2	2.32	37.1	12.6			
		90	77.3	31.7	2.33	39.6	13.6	97.9	81.8	32.7	2.33	40.6	14.0	98.1	83.3	33.4	2.33	41.3	14.3			
l		110	95.7	35.7	2.35	43.7	15.2		100.8	36.8	2.35	44.8	15.7	99.0	102.5	37.6	2.35	45.6	16.0	99.1		
		50	41.1	22.2	2.81	31.8	7.9	122.7	44.2	23.2	2.83	32.8	8.2	123.1	45.2	23.8	2.83	33.5	8.4	123.4		
		70	59.0	27.4	2.86	37.2	9.6	124.9		28.4	2.88	38.2	9.9	125.3	64.2	29.1	2.89	38.9	10.1	125.4		
	5	90	77.0	32.5	2.91	42.5	11.2	127.0		33.6	2.93	43.6	11.5	127.5	83.1	34.4	2.94	44.4	11.7	127.8		
		110	94.9	37.7	2.96	47.8	12.7		100.3	38.9	2.98	49.0	13.1	129.6	102.1	39.7	2.99	49.9	13.3	129.9		
	$\vdash$																					
		50 70	41.2	22.0	2.74	31.4	8.0	117.8	44.3 63.0	23.0	2.75 2.78	32.3	8.4	118.1	45.3	23.6	2.75	33.0	8.6	118.2		
110	8	70	59.2	27.1	2.77	36.5	9.8	119.1		28.2		37.7	10.1	119.4	64.2		2.79	38.4	10.4	119.6		
	}	90	77.1	32.1	2.81	41.7	11.5	120.4		33.4	2.82	43.0	11.9	120.7	83.2	34.2	2.82	43.8	12.1	120.9		
		110	95.1	37.2	2.84	46.9	13.1		100.4	38.6	2.85	48.3	13.5	122.1	102.1	39.5	2.85	49.2	13.8	122.3		
		50	41.3	21.9	2.69	31.0	8.1	116.2	44.3	22.8	2.70	32.0	8.5	116.4	45.3	23.5	2.70	32.7	8.7	116.5		
	10	70	59.2	26.9	2.71	36.1	9.9	117.2	63.0	28.0	2.72	37.3	10.3	117.5	64.3	28.7	2.72	38.0	10.6	117.6		
		90	77.2	31.9	2.74	41.2	11.7	118.2	81.7	33.2	2.74	42.5	12.1	118.5	83.2	34.0	2.74	43.4	12.4	118.7		
		110	95.2	36.9	2.76	46.3	13.4	119.5	100.4	38.4	2.76	47.8	13.9	119.6	102.1	39.3	2.76	48.8	14.2	7/8/1/		

# **Performance Data cont.**

### 050-Heating

Soi	urce	Load Flow - 8 GPM							Load Flow - 12 GPM							Load Flow - 15 GPM					
		ELT	LLT				T	LST	LLT	HC Power				LST	LLT	HC Power		1 1		LST	
°F	GPM	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	COP	°F		мвтин	kW	мвтин	COP	°F	   °F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	COP	°F	
30	GPM	60		43.2	2.60	34.3	4.07	21.2	67.6	43.5	2.54	34.8	F 02		65.8	1	2.48	35.4	F 10	20.9	
		80	70.8 91.0	43.2	3.33	32.6	4.87 3.87	21.6	87.7	44.3	3.25	33.2	5.02 3.99	21.0	85.9	43.8 44.6	3.17	33.8	5.19 4.12	21.3	
	8	100	111.2	44.8	4.01	31.1	3.27	22.0	107.9	45.2	3.92	31.8	3.38	21.8	106.1	45.5	3.82	32.5	3.49	21.6	
	•	130	141.7	46.9	5.19	29.2	2.65	22.5	138.2	47.2	5.07	29.9	2.73	22.3	136.3	47.6	4.95	30.7	2.82	22.1	
		140		Operatio				22.5	148.3	47.6	5.80	27.8	2.41	22.8	146.4	48.0	5.66	28.7	2.48	22.6	
		60	71.0	44.0	2.61	35.1	4.94	23.7	67.7	44.3	2.55	35.6	5.09	23.6	66.0	44.7	2.49	36.2	5.26	23.5	
	12	80	91.2	44.9	3.45	33.1	3.81	24.1	87.9	45.2	3.37	33.7	3.94	24.0	86.1	45.6	3.29	34.4	4.06	23.8	
		100	111.4	45.8	4.29	31.1	3.13	24.4	108.0	46.1	4.19	31.8	3.23	24.3	106.2	46.5	4.08	32.5	3.34	24.2	
		130	141.8	47.1	5.55	28.2	2.49	24.9	138.3	47.5	5.41	29.0	2.57	24.8	136.4	47.8	5.28	29.8	2.65	24.7	
		140		Operatio	n not re	commen	ded		148.3	47.9	5.82	28.1	2.41	25.0	146.4	48.3	5.68	28.9	2.49	24.8	
		60	71.2	44.8	2.63	35.9	5.00	25.1	67.9	45.2	2.56	36.4	5.16	25.0	66.1	45.5	2.50	37.0	5.33	24.9	
		80	91.4	45.6	3.36	34.1	3.98	25.3	88.0	46.0	3.28	34.8	4.11	25.2	86.2	46.3	3.20	35.4	4.24	25.1	
	15	100	111.6	46.3	4.03	32.5	3.37	25.5	108.1	46.6	3.94	33.2	3.47	25.4	106.3	47.0	3.84	33.9	3.59	25.3	
		130	141.9	47.5	5.23	29.6	2.66	25.9	138.3	47.8	5.10	30.4	2.75	25.8	136.4	48.2	4.98	31.2	2.84	25.7	
		140		Operatio	n not re	commen	ded		148.4	48.2	5.84	28.3	2.42	26.1	146.5	48.6	5.70	29.2	2.50	26.0	
		60	72.2	48.7	2.49	40.1	5.72	39.7	68.5	49.0	2.44	40.7	5.90	39.5	66.6	49.4	2.38	41.3	6.09	39.4	
		80	92.6	50.4	3.38	38.8	4.37	40.0	88.8	50.8	3.30	39.5	4.51	39.8	86.8	51.1	3.22	40.2	4.66	39.7	
	8	100	113.1	52.3	4.07	38.4	3.77	40.1	109.2	52.7	3.98	39.2	3.89	39.9	107.1	53.1	3.88	39.9	4.01	39.7	
50		130	144.0	56.0	5.24	38.1	3.13	40.2	139.8	56.4	5.12	39.0	3.23	40.0	137.6	56.9	4.99	39.8	3.34	39.7	
		140		Operatio				42.0	150.0	57.4	5.83	37.5	2.89 5.98	40.3	147.7	57.9	5.69	38.4	2.98	40.1	
	12	60	72.4	49.6	2.51	41.0	5.80	42.6	68.7	50.0	2.45	41.6		42.5	66.7	50.4	2.39	42.2	6.18	42.4	
		80	92.9	51.5	3.38	40.0	4.47	42.8	89.0	51.9	3.30	40.7 39.7	4.61 3.81	42.7	87.0	52.3	3.22	41.3	4.76	42.6	
		100	113.4 144.1	53.5 56.4	4.25 5.56	39.0 37.4	3.69 2.97	43.0	109.4 139.9	53.9 56.8	4.15 5.43	38.3	3.07	42.9 43.1	107.2 137.6	54.3 57.2	4.05 5.29	40.5 39.2	3.93	42.7	
		140		Operatio				43.3	150.1	57.8	5.85	37.8	2.89	43.1	147.8	58.2	5.71	38.7	2.99	43.1	
	15	60	72.6	50.5	2.52	41.9	5.88	44.2	68.9	50.9	2.46	42.5	6.07	44.2	66.8	51.3	2.40	43.1	6.26	44.1	
		80	93.1	52.3	3.41	40.7	4.49	44.4	89.2	52.7	3.33	41.3	4.64	44.3	87.1	53.1	3.25	42.0	4.79	44.2	
		100	113.5	54.1	4.10	40.1	3.87	44.5	109.5	54.5	4.00	40.8	3.99	44.4	107.3	54.9	3.90	41.6	4.13	44.3	
		130	144.2	56.7	5.28	38.7	3.15	44.7	139.9	57.2	5.16	39.6	3.25	44.6	137.7	57.6	5.03	40.4	3.36	44.4	
		140		Operatio	n not re	commen	ded		150.1	58.2	5.87	38.1	2.90	44.8	147.8	58.6	5.73	39.0	3.00	44.6	
	8	60	74.2	56.8	2.49	48.3	6.69	57.5	70.2	58.6	2.48	50.1	6.91	57.1	68.0	60.3	2.48	51.8	7.14	56.6	
		80	94.9	59.4	3.74	46.7	4.66	58.0	90.6	60.9	3.72	48.2	4.80	57.6	88.3	62.4	3.69	49.8	4.95	57.2	
		100	115.5	62.1	4.99	45.0	3.65	58.4	111.0	63.4	4.55	47.9	4.08	57.7	108.6	64.8	4.11	50.8	4.62	56.9	
		130	146.5	66.0	6.86	42.6	2.82	59.0	141.7	67.1	6.18	46.0	3.18	58.1	139.1	68.2	5.50	49.5	3.64	57.3	
		140		Operatio				01.0	70.4			recomme			149.0	67.6	6.19	46.4	3.20	58.0	
		60	74.7	58.7	2.47	50.3	6.97	61.0	70.4	60.1	2.48	51.6	7.11	60.7	68.2	61.4	2.49	53.0	7.24	60.5	
ا ہے ا	10	80	95.4	61.7	3.73	49.0	4.85	61.2	90.9	62.4	3.58	50.2	5.11	61.0	88.4	63.1	3.42	51.4	5.41	60.8	
70	12	100	116.2 147.3	64.7 69.2	5.00 6.89	47.7 45.7	3.80 2.94	61.5 61.8	111.3 141.9	64.7 68.2	4.67 6.32	48.8 46.6	4.06 3.16	61.3 61.6	108.6 139.0	64.7 67.2	4.35 5.75	49.9 47.6	4.36 3.43	61.1	
		140		Operatio				01.0	141.9			recomme			149.1	68.0	6.21	46.8	3.43	61.5 61.6	
		60	75.1	60.6	2.44	52.2	7.26	62.8	70.7	61.6	2.47	53.1	7.30	62.7	68.3	62.6	2.50	54.1	7.34	62.6	
		80	96.0	64.0	3.72	51.2	5.03	63.0	91.2	64.4	3.73	51.6	5.06	62.9	88.6	64.8	3.73	52.0	5.09	62.8	
	15	100	116.8	67.4	5.00	50.3	3.94	63.1	111.7	67.2	4.57	51.6	4.31	62.9	108.9	67.0	4.14	52.8	4.75	62.7	
	-	130	148.1	72.5	6.92	48.8									139.2	69.1	5.54	50.2	3.66	1	
		140		Operatio								recomme			149.1	68.4	6.24	47.2	3.22	63.5	
		60	77.2	68.9	2.36	60.8	8.56	74.3	72.1	69.4	2.32	61.5	8.78	74.2	69.3	69.9	2.28	62.1	9.00		
		80	97.5	70.0	3.28	58.8	6.26	74.8	92.3	70.5	3.22	59.5	6.41	74.7	89.5	71.1	3.17	60.3	6.57	74.5	
	8	100	118.4	73.8	4.07	59.9	5.32	74.6	112.9	74.3	4.00	60.7	5.45	74.4	110.0	74.9	3.93	61.5	5.59	74.2	
		130	148.6	74.5	5.55	55.6	3.93	75.7	143.1	75.1	5.46	56.4	4.03	75.5	140.1	75.6	5.36	57.3	4.13	75.2	
		140								T .		recomme				1					
		60	77.5	70.2	2.37	62.1		78.9	72.3	70.7	2.33	62.8	8.90		69.5	71.3	2.29	63.4	9.13	78.6	
90		80	98.7	74.8	4.04	61.1		79.1	92.9	73.9	3.66	61.4	5.91	79.0	89.7	72.9	3.29	61.7	6.51	78.9	
	12	100	119.9	79.5	5.71	60.0		79.2	113.4	77.1	5.00	60.0	4.52	79.2	110.0	74.6	4.28	60.0	5.11	79.2	
		130	151.6	86.5	8.22	58.4	3.08	/9.5	144.2		7.00	57.9	3.43	79.6	140.3	77.2	5.78	57.4	3.91	79.7	
		140	77.0	71 -	2.70	C7 4	0.00	01.7	r —			recomme		01.0	CC 7	70.0	2.70	640	0.25	011	
		60 00	77.9 98.2	71.5 72.7	2.38	63.4		81.3	72.5	72.1	2.34	64.1	9.02	81.2 81.5	69.7	72.6 73.8	2.30	64.8	9.25	81.1	
	15	80 100	119.1	76.2	3.31 4.09	61.4 62.3		81.6 81.4	92.7 113.4	73.2 76.8	3.26 4.02	62.1 63.1	6.59 5.60		89.8 110.3	77.4	3.20 3.95	62.9 63.9	6.76 5.74	1	
	15	130	148.9	75.5	5.59	56.4	-		143.2		5.49	57.3	4.06	82.1	140.2	1	5.40	58.2	4.16	1	
		140	1-0.5	, 5.5	3.55	30.4	13.30	02.2				recomme			1-0.2	, , 5.0	3.40	JU.2	7.10	02.0	
		170								Operation	JIT HOU	CCOMMINE	rideu							4 /1 4 /15	

4/14/15

## **Performance Data cont.**

### 050-Cooling

Feet   Feet	So	ırce		Load Flow - 8 GPM							Lo	ad Flow	/ - 12 GPI	м		Load Flow - 15 GPM					
	EST	Flow	ELT	LLT	тс	Power	HR	FED	LST	LLT	тс	Power	HR	FED	LST	LLT	тс	Power	HR	FFD	LST
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	°F	GPM	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	MBTUH	EER	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	EER	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	EEK	°F
Note   Note			50	38.9	44.4	2.27	52.1	19.6	63.0	42.2	45.1	2.27	52.8	19.8	63.2	43.9	45.7	2.27	53.5	20.1	63.4
1		8	70	58.1	47.7	2.30	55.6	20.7	63.9	61.6	48.4	2.30	56.3	21.0	64.1	63.5	49.1	2.30	57.0	21.3	64.2
Name         Name         Section         Sec			90	77.2	51.1	2.33	59.0	21.9	64.8	81.0	51.8	2.33	59.7	22.2	64.9	83.0	52.5	2.33	60.5	22.5	65.1
14								23.0								102.5				23.7	
Note   Note						1				<b>-</b>											
1	50	12																			
14   14   15   15   15   15   15   15										<b>-</b>											
14   14   15   15   15   15   15   15																					
14   14   15   15   15   15   15   15						1				<b>-</b>											-
No.   No.		15				1				<del> </del>											-
No.   No.						1				<b>-</b>											
1	-																				
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$						+	<b>+</b>			<b>†</b>											
No.   No.		8				<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>			<del> </del>											
Name         Ame         Solution         40.3         38.6         2.68         47.7         14.4         78.3         43.2         39.2         2.68         48.3         14.6         78.4         44.7         39.7         55.5         171         79.7           4.7         5.7         5.6         2.73         60.0         18.9         60.0         82.9         52.9         62.0         2.73         56.0         17.0         79.0         79.0         68.2         2.73         60.0         2.73         60.0         79.0         82.0         2.73         60.0         19.0         79.0         72.0         60.0         2.76         60.0         18.0         70.						<del>                                     </del>				<del> </del>									<del> </del>		
							1			-						<del> </del>					
Page						1				<b>-</b>											
Hart   Hart	70	12				1				<b>-</b>											
$\begin{array}{l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l $			110			1				<b>-</b>							-				
14   15   16   17   18   18   18   18   18   18   18			50	40.5	38.1	2.66	47.2	14.3	76.3	43.3	38.6	2.66	47.7	14.5	76.4	44.8	39.1	2.67	48.2	14.7	76.4
No.   No.			70	58.8	44.7	2.67	53.8	16.8	77.2	62.1	45.3	2.67	54.4	17.0	77.2	63.9	45.8	2.67	55.0	17.2	77.3
HAVE ADDRESS         50         41.5         33.8         31.2         44.4         10.8         101.1         44.0         34.4         3.11         45.0         11.0         101.2         45.3         34.9         3.11         45.5         11.2         101.4           40         50         52.2         43.2         31.8         54.1         13.6         103.5         62.4         43.8         3.18         54.7         13.8         103.7         64.1         44.4         3.18         55.3         14.0         103.8           90         76.8         52.7         3.25         63.8         16.2         105.9         80.7         53.3         3.25         64.4         16.4         10.1         92.8         54.6         33.2         74.8         191.1         00.6         75.7         44.1         34.1         31.0         14.4         10.8         97.7         44.1         34.1         31.0         94.6         11.0         97.8         45.4         34.6         33.0         33.2         74.8         19.1         00.9           90         76.8         52.7         3.18         63.5         16.6         101.1         80.2         14.4         14.4         1		15	90	77.2	51.3	2.67	60.4	19.2	78.0	81.0	51.9	2.67	61.0	19.4	78.1	83.0	52.6	2.68	61.7	19.6	78.2
$\begin{array}{l}  \   \   \   \   \   \   \   \$			110	95.5	57.8	2.68	67.0	21.6	78.9	99.8	58.6	2.68	67.7	21.9	79.0	102.1	59.3	2.68	68.5	22.1	79.1
8         90         76.8         52.7         3.25         63.8         16.2         105.9         80.7         53.3         3.25         64.4         16.4         106.1         82.8         54.0         3.25         65.1         16.6         106.3           10         94.5         62.1         3.32         73.5         18.7         108.4         99.1         62.8         3.32         74.1         18.9         108.5         10.5         63.5         3.32         74.8         19.1         108.7           4         10         94.5         62.4         3.32         73.1         18.9         108.5         10.5         63.5         3.2         74.9         19.9         76.8         52.7         3.13         53.5         16.6         101.3         30.9         44.6         11.0         97.8         45.4         34.6         31.0         45.0         11.0         99.0         76.8         52.7         31.3         30.5         16.6         101.3         30.0         43.2         43.1         31.0         43.0         31.0         40.0         101.3         43.4         34.0         31.0         40.1         31.0         90.0         63.0         32.2         74.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>50</td> <td>41.5</td> <td>33.8</td> <td>3.12</td> <td>44.4</td> <td>10.8</td> <td>101.1</td> <td>44.0</td> <td>34.4</td> <td>3.11</td> <td>45.0</td> <td>11.0</td> <td>101.2</td> <td>45.3</td> <td>34.9</td> <td>3.11</td> <td>45.5</td> <td>11.2</td> <td>101.4</td>			50	41.5	33.8	3.12	44.4	10.8	101.1	44.0	34.4	3.11	45.0	11.0	101.2	45.3	34.9	3.11	45.5	11.2	101.4
90         76.8         52.7         3.25         63.8         16.2         105.9         80.7         53.3         3.25         64.4         16.4         106.1         82.8         54.0         3.25         65.1         16.6         106.3           90         10.0         94.5         62.1         3.35         3.35         18.7         108.4         99.9         62.8         33.2         74.1         18.9         108.5         101.5         63.5         3.32         74.8         19.1         08.7           41         20.0         70.8         33.5         33.0         24.1         10.0         44.6         33.5         33.6         33.7         99.4         62.4         43.7         31.8         54.4         34.8         34.6         34.0         99.0         63.0         32.2         74.0         19.5         62.1         44.3         31.0         49.0         10.3         44.3         11.0         99.0         63.0         32.2         74.0         19.5         10.2         64.1         44.3         31.0         46.9         17.0         101.3         99.0         62.2         43.0         30.0         44.8         11.0         99.0         63.2         31.0			70	59.2	43.2	3.18	54.1	13.6	103.5	62.4	43.8	3.18	54.7	13.8	103.7	64.1	44.4	3.18	55.3	14.0	103.8
$\begin{array}{l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l $		l °	90	76.8	52.7	3.25	63.8	16.2	105.9	80.7	53.3	3.25	64.4	16.4	106.1	82.8	54.0	3.25	65.1	16.6	106.3
Pare 1         TO         59.2         43.1         3.14         53.8         13.7         99.4         62.4         43.7         3.14         53.4         13.9         99.5         64.1         44.3         3.14         55.0         14.1         99.6           90         76.8         52.7         3.18         63.5         16.6         101.1         80.7         53.4         3.18         64.2         16.8         101.2         82.8         54.0         3.18         64.9         17.0         101.3           10         94.4         62.3         3.22         73.3         19.3         102.7         99.0         63.0         3.22         74.0         19.5         102.9         101.5         63.7         3.23         74.8         19.8         103.0           10         94.4         62.3         3.20         73.5         19.9         99.0         63.0         3.0         54.2         14.1         97.2         64.4         43.6         31.0         54.2         14.1         97.2         64.4         44.3         31.0         96.0         60.2         44.1         33.8         3.08         44.3         11.0         96.0         62.4         43.6         31.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td>110</td> <td>94.5</td> <td>62.1</td> <td>3.32</td> <td>73.5</td> <td>18.7</td> <td>108.4</td> <td>99.1</td> <td>62.8</td> <td>3.32</td> <td>74.1</td> <td>18.9</td> <td>108.5</td> <td>101.5</td> <td>63.5</td> <td>3.32</td> <td>74.8</td> <td>19.1</td> <td>108.7</td>			110	94.5	62.1	3.32	73.5	18.7	108.4	99.1	62.8	3.32	74.1	18.9	108.5	101.5	63.5	3.32	74.8	19.1	108.7
Part			50	41.6	33.5	3.10	44.1	10.8	97.7	44.1	34.1	3.10	44.6	11.0	97.8	45.4	34.6	3.10	45.2	11.2	97.9
Haraba	90	12	70	59.2	43.1	3.14	53.8	13.7	99.4	62.4	43.7	3.14	54.4	13.9	99.5	64.1	44.3	3.14	55.0	14.1	99.6
Heave Heave		-	90	76.8		<del>                                     </del>	63.5	16.6	101.1	80.7	53.4		64.2	16.8	101.2	82.8	54.0	3.18	64.9	17.0	101.3
$\begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} \begin{array}{l} $						1														19.8	
No   No   No   No   No   No   No   No				_		_		_									<del>                                     </del>			_	_
Name		15						i -													
Hand Reserved Fig. 1.																					
Here Land Branch	-					-				<del>                                     </del>											-
Here the first state of the firs						<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>									1	†		1		
Here Here Here Here Here Here Here Here		8				<b>†</b>	<del> </del>									1	<del> </del>				
Here the property of the prope						<b>†</b>	<del> </del>			1						1	1		1		
Here the property of the control of						<u> </u>	i e						1			t	<del> </del>		1		
110   12   90   76.5   53.8   3.63   66.2   14.8   121.5   80.5   54.5   3.63   66.9   15.0   121.6   82.6   55.2   3.63   67.6   15.2   121.8   110   93.4   66.5   3.68   79.1   18.1   123.7   98.3   67.2   3.69   79.8   18.2   123.9   100.9   68.0   3.69   80.6   18.4   124.0   124.0   125.0					<b>-</b>	ł	t			<b>†</b>						1					
110 93.4 66.5 3.68 79.1 18.1 123.7 98.3 67.2 3.69 79.8 18.2 123.9 100.9 68.0 3.69 80.6 18.4 124.0  50 42.9 28.4 3.50 40.4 8.1 115.4 45.0 29.0 3.50 40.9 8.3 115.5 46.1 29.5 3.50 41.4 8.4 115.5  70 59.7 41.3 3.52 53.3 11.7 117.1 62.7 41.9 3.53 53.9 11.9 117.2 64.3 42.6 3.53 54.6 12.1 117.3  90 76.5 54.1 3.54 66.2 15.3 118.8 80.5 54.9 3.55 67.0 15.5 118.9 82.6 55.6 3.56 67.8 15.6 119.0	110	12				<del> </del>	t			1											
15     50     42.9     28.4     3.50     40.4     8.1     115.4     45.0     29.0     3.50     40.9     8.3     115.5     46.1     29.5     3.50     41.4     8.4     115.5       70     59.7     41.3     3.52     53.3     11.7     117.1     62.7     41.9     3.53     53.9     11.9     117.2     64.3     42.6     3.53     54.6     12.1     117.3       90     76.5     54.1     3.54     66.2     15.3     118.8     80.5     54.9     3.55     67.0     15.5     118.9     82.6     55.6     3.56     67.8     15.6     119.0						t	t			1							1				
15 70 59.7 41.3 3.52 53.3 11.7 117.1 62.7 41.9 3.53 53.9 11.9 117.2 64.3 42.6 3.53 54.6 12.1 117.3 90 76.5 54.1 3.54 66.2 15.3 118.8 80.5 54.9 3.55 67.0 15.5 118.9 82.6 55.6 3.56 67.8 15.6 119.0										<b>-</b>											
15 90 76.5 54.1 3.54 66.2 15.3 118.8 80.5 54.9 3.55 67.0 15.5 118.9 82.6 55.6 3.56 67.8 15.6 119.0						<del> </del>															
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## **Performance Data cont.**

### 066-Heating

So	urce	Load Flow - 10 GPM								Loa	d Flow	- 15 GPM	1		Load Flow - 20 GPM					
EST	Flow	гіт		шс	uc Dames UE			LCT		Ι		1	1	LCT			1	1		LCT
E31	FIOW	ELT	LLT	нс	Power	HE	СОР	LST	LLT	нс	Power		СОР	LST	LLT	нс	Power		СОР	LST
°F	GPM	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	MBTUH		°F	°F	MBTUH	kW	мвтин		°F	°F	MBTUH	kW	мвтин		°F
		60	70.6	53.2	3.05	42.8	5.12	21.2	67.1	53.6	2.98	43.5	5.28	21.0	65.4	54.0	2.90	44.1	5.45	20.9
		80	90.8	54.1	3.96	40.6	4.00	21.6	87.3	54.5	3.87	41.3	4.13	21.5	85.5	54.9	3.77	42.0	4.27	21.3
	10	100	111.0	55.2	5.14	37.7	3.15	22.2	107.4	55.6	5.02	38.5	3.25	22.1	105.6	56.0	4.90	39.3	3.36	21.9
		130	141.5	57.7	6.88	34.2	2.46	23.0	137.7	58.1	6.72	35.2	2.54	22.7	135.9	58.5	6.55	36.2	2.62	22.5
		140		T .		recomme			147.8	58.5	7.51	32.9	2.28	23.2	145.9	58.9	7.33	33.9	2.36	23.0
		60	70.8	54.2	3.06	43.8	5.19	24.0	67.3	54.6	2.99	44.4	5.36	23.9	65.5	55.1	2.92	45.1	5.53	23.8
7.		80	91.1	55.3	4.23	40.9	3.83	24.4	87.4	55.7	4.13	41.6	3.96	24.3	85.6	56.1	4.03	42.4	4.09	24.2
30	15	100	111.3	56.3	5.39	37.9	3.06	24.8	107.6	56.8	5.26	38.8	3.16	24.7	105.7	57.2	5.14	39.7	3.26	24.5
		130 140	141.6	57.9	7.14	33.5 recomme	2.38	25.4	137.8 147.9	58.3 58.9	6.97 7.54	34.6 33.2	2.45	25.2 25.4	135.9 145.9	58.8 59.3	6.80 7.35	35.6 34.2	2.53	25.1 25.3
		60	71.1	55.3	3.08	44.8	5.26	25.4	67.4	55.7	3.01	45.4	5.43	25.3	65.6	56.1	2.93	46.1	5.61	25.2
		80	91.2	56.1	4.00	42.5	4.11	25.6	87.5	56.6	3.91	43.4	4.25	25.5	85.7	57.0	3.81	44.0	4.38	25.5
	20	100	111.4	57.0	5.17	39.4	3.24	25.9	107.7	57.5	5.04	40.3	3.34	25.8	105.8	57.9	4.92	41.1	3.45	25.8
		130	141.7	58.4	6.93	34.8	2.47	26.4	137.8	58.9	6.77	35.8	2.55	26.3	135.9	59.3	6.60	36.8	2.63	26.2
		140		Operati	on not	recomme	nded		147.9	59.3	7.56	33.4	2.30	26.6	146.0	59.7	7.38	34.5	2.37	26.4
		60	72.8	64.2	3.10	53.6	6.08	38.9	68.6	64.7	3.02	54.4	6.27	38.8	66.5	65.2	2.95	55.1	6.48	38.6
		80	93.3	66.4	4.11	52.4	4.74	39.2	88.9	66.9	4.01	53.2	4.89	39.0	86.7	67.4	3.91	54.1	5.05	38.9
	10	100	113.6	67.9	5.38	49.5	3.70	39.8	109.1	68.4	5.25	50.5	3.82	39.6	106.9	68.9	5.12	51.4	3.94	39.4
		130	144.0	70.0	7.09	45.8	2.89	40.6	139.4	70.6	6.92	46.9	2.99	40.3	137.1	71.1	6.75	48.0	3.09	40.1
		140		· ·	on not	recomme	nded		149.5	71.3	7.73	45.0	2.71	40.7	147.2	71.9	7.54	46.2	2.79	40.5
		60	73.1	65.5	3.11	54.8	6.16	42.5	68.8	65.9	3.04	55.6	6.36	42.4	66.6	66.4	2.97	56.3	6.57	42.3
		80	93.4	66.9	4.32	52.2	4.54	42.8	89.0	67.4	4.22	53.0	4.68	42.7	86.8	67.9	4.11	53.9	4.84	42.6
50	15	100	113.7	68.4	5.53	49.5	3.62	43.2	109.2	68.9	5.40	50.5	3.74	43.1	106.9	69.4	5.26	51.4	3.86	42.9
		130	144.1	70.5	7.34	45.5	2.82	43.7	139.5	71.1	7.16	46.6	2.91	43.6	137.2	71.6	6.99	47.8	3.00	43.4
		140	73.3	66.7	3.13	recomme	6.25	44.2	149.6 69.0	71.8 67.2	7.75 3.05	45.3 56.8	2.71 6.45	43.8 44.1	147.2 66.8	72.3 67.7	7.56 2.98	46.5 57.5	2.80 6.66	43.6 44.1
		60 80	93.8	69.0	4.15	56.0 54.8	4.87	44.4	89.3	69.5	4.05	55.7	5.03	44.3	87.0	70.0	3.95	56.5	5.19	44.1
	20	100	114.0	70.1	5.41	51.7	3.80	44.7	109.4	70.7	5.28	52.7	3.92	44.6	107.1	71.2	5.15	53.6	4.05	44.5
	-	130	144.2	70.9	7.14	46.6	2.91	45.2	139.5	71.5	6.97	47.7	3.00	45.1	137.2	72.0	6.80	48.8	3.10	45.0
		140				recomme		10.2	149.6	72.3	7.78	45.7	2.72	45.3	147.3	72.8	7.59	46.9	2.81	45.2
		60	74.2	70.8	3.11	60.2	6.67	57.6	69.9	74.1	3.05	63.7	7.12	56.9	67.7	77.3	2.99	67.1	7.59	56.2
	ĺ	80	94.3	71.3	4.43	56.2	4.72	58.4	90.0	75.0	4.30	60.3	5.12	57.6	87.9	78.7	4.17	64.5	5.54	56.7
	10	100	114.4	71.8	5.74	52.2	3.66	59.2	110.2	76.2	5.56	57.2	4.02	58.2	108.1	80.5	5.37	62.2	4.39	57.2
		130	144.5	72.5	7.71	46.2	2.76	60.5	140.5	78.4	7.42	53.1	3.10	59.1	138.4	84.3	7.14	59.9	3.46	57.6
		140				recomme				T .		recomme			148.5	85.0	7.73	58.6	3.22	57.9
		60	74.8	74.2	3.13	63.5	6.95	61.3	70.2	76.5	3.07	66.0	7.31	60.9	67.9	78.8	3.00	68.6	7.69	60.6
		80	95.0	74.9	4.46	59.6	4.92	61.8	90.4	77.7	4.32	62.9	5.26	61.4	88.0	80.5	4.19	66.2	5.63	60.9
70	15	100	115.1	75.5	5.79	55.8	3.82	62.3	110.5	78.9	5.58	59.8	4.14	61.8	108.2	82.2	5.38	63.8	4.48	61.2
		130 140	145.3	76.6	7.79	50.0 recomme	2.88	63.1	140.8	80.6	7.47	55.1	3.16	62.4	138.5 148.6	84.7 85.6	7.16 7.75	60.3 59.1	3.47	61.7 61.9
		60	75.5	77.5	3.14	66.8	7.23	63.1	70.5	78.9	3.08	68.4	7.51	62.9	68.0	80.3	3.02	70.0	7.80	62.8
		80	95.7	78.4	4.49	63.1	5.12	63.5	90.7	80.1	4.35	65.2	5.40	63.3	88.2	81.8	4.21	67.4	5.69	63.1
	20	100	115.9	79.3	5.84	59.4	3.98		110.8	81.3	5.62	62.1	4.24	63.6	108.3	83.2	5.40	64.8	4.52	63.3
		130	146.1		7.86	53.8	3.01	_	141.1		7.52	57.3	_	_	138.5	85.4	7.19	60.9	3.48	63.7
		140				recomme					•	ecomme			148.6	86.1	7.78	59.6	3.24	63.9
		60	77.3	86.3	3.14	75.6	8.04	74.4	71.6	87.0	3.09	76.4	8.25	74.2	68.8	87.6	3.04	77.3	8.45	74.1
		80	98.6	93.0	4.03	79.2	6.77	73.7	92.5	93.7	3.96	80.2		73.5	89.4	94.4	3.89	81.1	7.11	73.3
	10	100	119.2	95.8	5.05	78.6	5.57	73.8	112.9	96.6	4.96	79.6	5.70	73.6	109.7	97.3	4.88	80.6	5.85	73.4
		130	149.5	97.7	7.14	73.4	4.01	74.9	143.1	98.5	7.02	74.5		74.6	139.9	99.2	6.90	75.7	4.21	74.4
		140									1	recomme		1				1	T .	
		60	77.6	88.0	3.16	77.2	8.16	79.4	71.8	88.6	3.11	78.0	_	79.3		89.3	3.05	78.9	8.57	79.2
		80	97.6	88.2	4.64	72.4	5.58	80.1	91.9	89.6	4.46	74.4		79.8		91.0	4.28	76.3	6.22	79.5
90	15	100	117.7	88.4	6.11	67.5	4.24		112.1	90.5	5.81	70.7	_		109.3	92.6	5.51	73.8	4.92	79.9
		130 140	147.7	88.7	8.32	60.3	3.12	81.7	142.3	91.9	7.84	65.1		01.0	139.5	95.1	7.36	70.0	3.79	80.4
		60	77.9	89.6	3.18	78.8	8.27	81.9	72.0	90.3	3.12	recomme 79.7		81.8	69.1	91.0	3.07	80.5	8.69	81.7
		80	99.3	96.5	4.07	82.7	6.96		93.0	97.3	4.00	83.6	7.13	81.4	89.8	98.0	3.93	84.6	7.31	81.3
	20	100	119.8		5.07	81.7			113.3		4.99	82.7			110.1	100.5	4.90	83.8	6.01	
		130	149.8		7.19	74.4			143.3		7.07	75.6		82.2	140.1	100.5	6.95	76.8	4.24	
		140									_	recomme								
																				. / / . =

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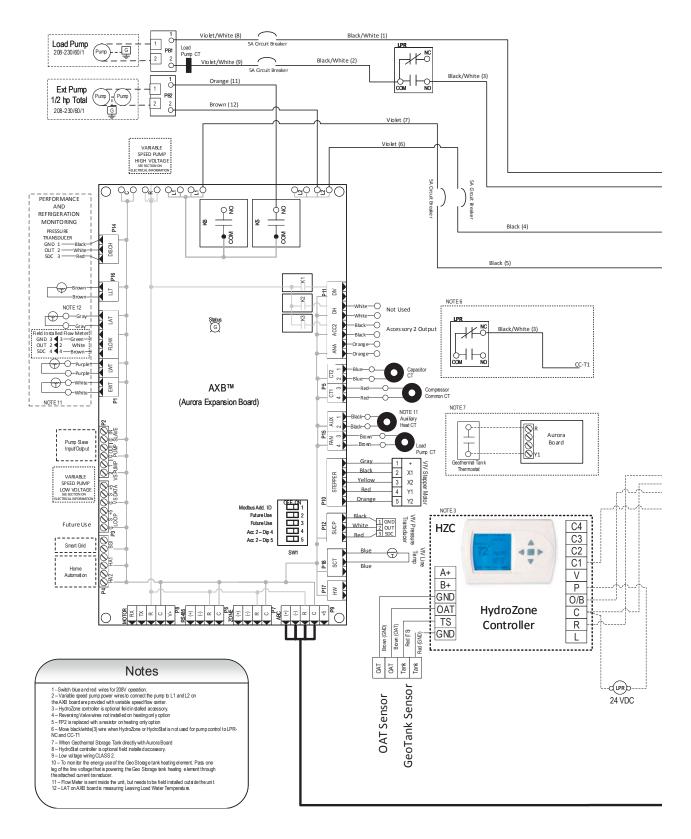
# Performance Data cont.

### 066-Cooling

So	urce	Load Flow - 10 GPM						Load Flow - 15 GPM						Load Flow - 20 GPM						
EST	Flow	ELT	LLT	тс	Power	HR		LST	LLT	тс	Power	HR		LST	LLT	тс	Power	HR		LST
°F	GPM	°F		MBTUH	kW	мвтин	EER	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	MBTUH	EER	°F	°F	мвтин	kW	мвтин	EER	°F
		50	39.8	51.1	2.98	61.3	17.2	62.3	43.1	51.8	2.99	62.1	17.3	62.4	44.7	52.6	3.00	62.8	17.5	62.6
		70	58.9	55.3	3.02	65.6	18.3	63.1	62.5	55.9	3.03	66.3	18.4	63.3	64.3	56.5	3.04	66.9	18.6	63.4
	10	90	78.1	59.5	3.07	69.9	19.4	64.0	82.0	60.0	3.07	70.5	19.5	64.1	84.0	60.5	3.07	71.0	19.7	64.2
İ		110	97.3	63.7	3.11	74.3	20.4	64.9	101.5	64.0	3.11	74.7	20.6	64.9	103.6	64.4	3.11	75.0	20.7	65.0
İ		50	40.0	50.0	2.90	59.8	17.2	58.0	43.2	50.7	2.91	60.6	17.4	58.1	44.9	51.4	2.92	61.4	17.6	58.2
l		70	59.2	53.8	2.93	63.8	18.4	58.5	62.7	54.4	2.94	64.4	18.5	58.6	64.5	55.0	2.94	65.1	18.7	58.7
50	15	90	78.5	57.6	2.96	67.7	19.5	59.0	82.2	58.1	2.97	68.3	19.6	59.1	84.1	58.7	2.97	68.8	19.7	59.2
İ		110	97.7	61.5	2.99	71.7	20.6	59.6	101.8	61.9	2.99	72.1	20.7	59.6	103.8	62.3	3.00	72.5	20.8	59.7
İ		50	40.2	48.8	2.82	58.4	17.3	55.8	43.4	49.5	2.82	59.2	17.5	55.9	45.0	50.3	2.83	59.9	17.7	56.0
İ		70	59.5	52.3	2.83	61.9	18.4	56.2	62.9	52.9	2.84	62.6	18.6	56.3	64.6	53.6	2.85	63.3	18.8	56.3
	20	90	78.8	55.8	2.85	65.5	19.6	56.6	82.5	56.3	2.86	66.1	19.7	56.6	84.3	56.8	2.87	66.6	19.8	56.7
		110	98.1	59.3	2.87	69.1	20.7	56.9	102.0	59.7	2.88	69.5	20.7	57.0	104.0	60.1	2.89	70.0	20.8	57.0
		50	40.4	47.8	3.68	60.4	13.0	82.1	43.5	48.7	3.70	61.4	13.2	82.3	45.0	49.7	3.72	62.4	13.4	82.5
	10	70	59.3	53.7	3.76	66.6	14.3	83.3	62.7	54.5	3.77	67.4	14.5	83.5	64.5	55.4	3.78	68.3	14.6	83.7
		90	78.1	59.6	3.83	72.7	15.6	84.5	82.0	60.3	3.84	73.5	15.7	84.7	83.9	61.1	3.85	74.2	15.9	84.8
		110	96.9	65.5	3.91	78.9	16.8	85.8	101.2	66.1	3.91	79.5	16.9	85.9	103.3	66.7	3.92	80.1	17.0	86.0
		50	40.6	47.1	3.59	59.4	13.1	77.9	43.6	48.1	3.61	60.4	13.3	78.1	45.1	49.0	3.62	61.4	13.5	78.2
70	15	70	59.4	52.8	3.65	65.2	14.5	78.7	62.9	53.6	3.66	66.1	14.6	78.8	64.6	54.4	3.67	67.0	14.8	78.9
′	15	90	78.3	58.4	3.70	71.0	15.8	79.5	82.1	59.1	3.71	71.8	15.9	79.6	84.0	59.8	3.72	72.5	16.1	79.7
		110	97.2	64.0	3.76	76.9	17.0	80.2	101.4	64.6	3.77	77.5	17.1	80.3	103.5	65.2	3.78	78.1	17.3	80.4
		50	40.7	46.5	3.50	58.4	13.3	75.8	43.7	47.4	3.51	59.4	13.5	75.9	45.2	48.4	3.53	60.5	13.7	76.0
	20	70	59.6	51.8	3.54	63.9	14.6	76.4	63.0	52.7	3.55	64.8	14.8	76.5	64.7	53.5	3.56	65.6	15.0	76.6
	- "	90	78.6	57.2	3.57	69.4	16.0	76.9	82.3	57.9	3.59	70.1	16.1	77.0	84.1	58.6	3.60	70.8	16.3	77.1
		110	97.5	62.5	3.61	74.9	17.3	77.5	101.6	63.1	3.62	75.4	17.4	77.5	103.6	63.6	3.64	76.0	17.5	77.6
		50	41.1	44.5	4.39	59.5	10.2	101.9	43.9	45.6	4.41	60.7	10.4	102.1	45.3	46.8	4.43	61.9	10.5	102.4
	10	70	59.6	52.2	4.49	67.5	11.6	103.5	62.9	53.2	4.51	68.6	11.8	103.7	64.6	54.2	4.53	69.7	12.0	103.9
		90	78.0	59.8	4.60	75.5	13.0	105.1	81.9	60.7	4.61	76.4	13.2	105.3	83.8	61.6	4.63	77.4	13.3	105.5
		110	96.5	67.4	4.70	83.5	14.3	106.7	100.9	68.3	4.71	84.3	14.5	106.9	103.1	69.1	4.72	85.2	14.6	107.0
		50	41.1	44.3	4.29	59.0	10.3	97.9	43.9	45.5	4.31	60.2	10.6	98.0	45.3	46.7	4.33	61.4	10.8	98.2
90	15	70	59.6	51.8	4.37	66.7	11.9	98.9	63.0	52.8	4.38	67.7	12.0	99.0	64.6	53.8	4.40	68.8	12.2	99.2
		90	78.2	59.2	4.45	74.4	13.3	99.9	82.0	60.1	4.46	75.3	13.5	100.0	83.9	60.9	4.48	76.2	13.6	100.2
		110	96.7	66.6	4.53	82.1	14.7	100.9	101.0	67.4	4.54	82.8	14.8	101.0	103.2	68.1	4.55	83.6	15.0	101.1
		50	41.2	44.1	4.19	58.4	10.5	95.8	44.0	45.4	4.20	59.7	10.8	96.0	45.3	46.6	4.22	61.0	11.0	96.1
	20	70	59.7	51.4	4.24	65.8	12.1		63.0	52.4	4.26		12.3		64.7	53.4	4.27	68.0	12.5	
		90	78.3	58.6	4.30	73.2	13.6	97.3	82.1	59.4	4.31	74.1	13.8	97.4	84.0	60.3	4.33	75.0	13.9	97.5
		110	96.8	65.8	4.35	80.7	15.1	98.1	101.1	66.5	4.37	81.4	15.2		103.3	67.1	4.38	82.1	15.3	98.2
		50	41.8	41.2	5.09	58.6	8.1	121.7	44.3	42.5	5.12	60.0	8.3		45.6	43.9	5.15	61.4	8.5	122.3
	10	70	59.9	50.6	5.22	68.4	9.7	123.7	63.1	51.8	5.25	69.7	9.9		64.7	53.0	5.28	71.0	10.1	124.2
		90	78.0	60.0	5.36	78.3	11.2	125.7	81.9	61.1	5.38	79.4	11.4		83.8	62.2	5.40	80.6	11.5	126.1
		110	96.1	69.3	5.50	88.1	12.6		100.6		5.51	89.2	12.8		102.9	71.4	5.53	90.2	12.9	128.0
		50	41.7	41.5	4.98	58.5	8.3	117.8	44.3	42.9	5.01	60.0	8.6		45.6	44.3	5.03	61.5	8.8	118.2
110	15	70	59.9	50.7	5.09	68.1	10.0	119.1	63.1	52.0	5.11	69.4	10.2		64.7	53.2	5.13	70.7	10.4	119.4
		90	78.0	60.0	5.19	77.7	11.6	120.4	81.9	61.0	5.21	78.8	11.7		83.8	62.1	5.23	79.9	11.9	120.7
		110	96.2	69.2	5.30	87.3	13.1		100.7	70.1	5.31	88.2	13.2		102.9	71.0	5.33	89.2	13.3	121.9
		50	41.6	41.8	4.87	58.4	8.6	115.8	44.2	43.3	4.89	60.0	8.8		45.5	44.8	4.91	61.5	9.1	116.2
	20	70	59.8	50.9	4.95	67.8	10.3	116.8	63.0	52.1	4.97	69.1	10.5	116.9	<b>-</b>	53.4	4.98	70.4	10.7	117.0
		90	78.0	60.0	5.02	77.1	11.9	117.7	81.9	61.0	5.04	78.2	12.1	117.8	-	62.0	5.06	79.2	12.3	117.9
oxdot		110	96.2	69.1	5.10	86.4	13.6	118.6	100.7	69.8	5.11	87.3	13.7	118./	102.9	70.6	5.13	88.1	13.8	118.8

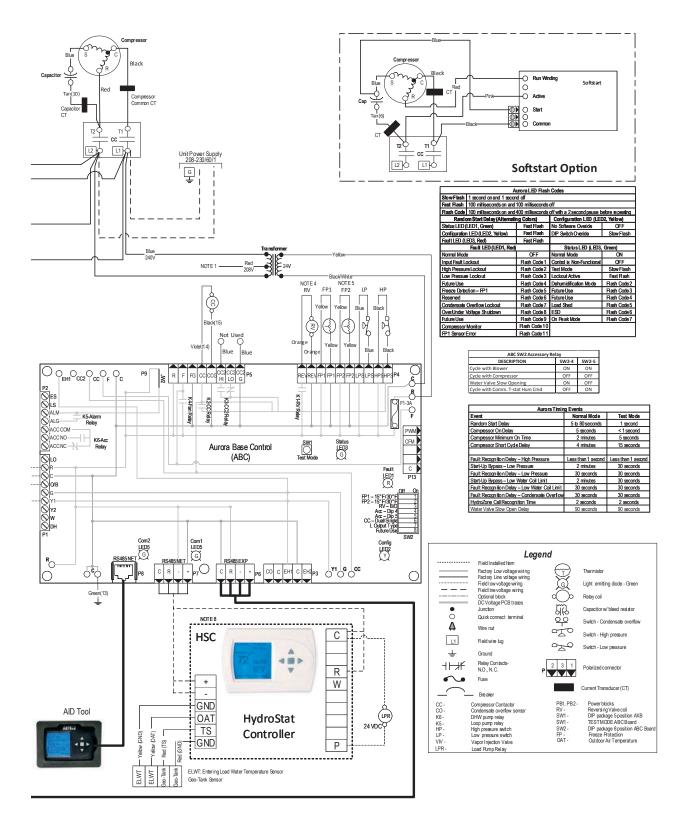
## **Wiring Schematics**

### Aurora Advanced EVI Water-Water 208-230/60/1



### **Wiring Schematics**

### Aurora Advanced EVI Water-Water 208-230/60/1



## **Accessories and Options**

#### IntelliStart (Model 040 only)

IntelliStart is a single phase compressor soft starter which reduces the normal start current (LRA) by 60-70%. It should be used in applications that require low starting amps, reduced compressor start-up noise, off-grid, and improved start-up behavior. IntelliStart is available as a factory installed option or a field installed kit. IntelliStart is available on 208-230/60/1 voltage.

#### Water Connection Kits (Field Installed)

Water connection kits are available to facilitate loop side and load side water connections.

- MA4FPT Forged brass 1" MPT x 1" FPT square street elbow with P/T plug for 040 water side connections
- MA5FPT Forged brass 1.25" MPT x 1.25" FPT square street elbow with P/T plug for 050-066 water side connections
- WFI-HKM-100-24-MO 1 inch x 24 inch stainless steel braided hose kit
- WFI-HKM-125-24-MO 1 1/4 inch x 24 inch stainless steel braided hose kit

#### Earth Loop Pump Kit (Field Installed)

A specially designed one or two-pump module provides all liquid flow, fill and connection requirements for independent single unit systems (230/60/1 only). The one-pump module (FC1-FPT or FC1-GL) is capable of 25 feet of head at 12.0 GPM, while the two-pump module (FC2-FPT or FC1-GL) is capable of 50 feet of head at 12.0 GPM.

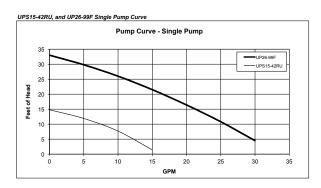
#### Load-side Pump Kit (Field Installed)

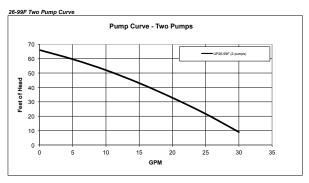
Four (4) load pump kits are available to provide all liquid flow requirements for independent single unit systems (230/60/1 only). Manufacturer part number **24S516-10** (Grundfos UPS15-42RU) is a composite body pump. **EWPK2** (Grundfos UP26-99SF) is stainless steel body pump. Manufacturer part number EWPK1 and EWPK3 come with a cast iron body pump (Grundfos UP26-99F) that can be used for hydronic heating applications.

Calculate the system pressure drop then refer to the pump curves in figure 8 to select the proper pump. All four (4) of the manufacturer pump kits can be used for hydronic heating applications as long as they meet the flow requirements. If the flow requirements are outside the pump curve, an alternate pump will need to be obtained to maintain the necessary flow.

- 24S516-10 UPS15-42RU composite PPS, <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch union sweat connection
- EWPK1 UP26-99F cast iron volute, 1 inch FPT flange connection
- EWPK2 UP26-99SF Stainless Steel volute, 1 inch FPT flange connection
- EWPK3 UP26-99F cast iron volute, 1-1/4 inch FPT flange connection

Figure 8: UPS15-42RU and UP26-99F Pump Curve





**NOTE:** Never use piping smaller than 1 inch. Limit length of pipe to 50 feet or less.

Type L Copper Pressure Loss
Ft of Hd per 100 ft

	Type L Copper Tube												
GPM	3/4	1	1-1/4	1-1/2	2								
2	1.5												
3	3.2												
4	5.5	1.4											
5	8.5	2.1											
6		2.9	1.1										
7		3.9	1.4										
8		5.0	1.8										
9		6.1	2.3	0.9									
10		7.5	2.8	1.1									
12			3.9	1.6									
14			5.2	2.1									
16			6.6	2.7									
18			8.2	3.4									
20			10.0	4.1	1.1								
22				5.0	1.3								
25				6.3	1.6								
30					2.2								
35					2.9								
40					3.8								
45					4.7								
50					5.7								

**NOTE:** Standard piping practice limits pressure drop to 4 feet of hd per 100 feet in 2 inch and larger pipe.

## **External Control**

An external controller is necessary for operation. For water storage tank set point control the HydroStat HSC, HZC, and HZO were designed specifically for our Geo-Storage Tanks. A field supplied aquastat may also be used as the external control to the heat pump.

#### **HydroStat (HSC) features:**

- Communicating Controller
- Pump Sampling
- 2 1/2" x 2 1/2" LCD display and five push buttons serve as the human interface
- Controls and regulates water tank temperature
- Fahrenheit or Celsius
- Symphony Compatibility Without HydroStat the tank temperature won't be displayed on Symphony (if available)
- Single Stage

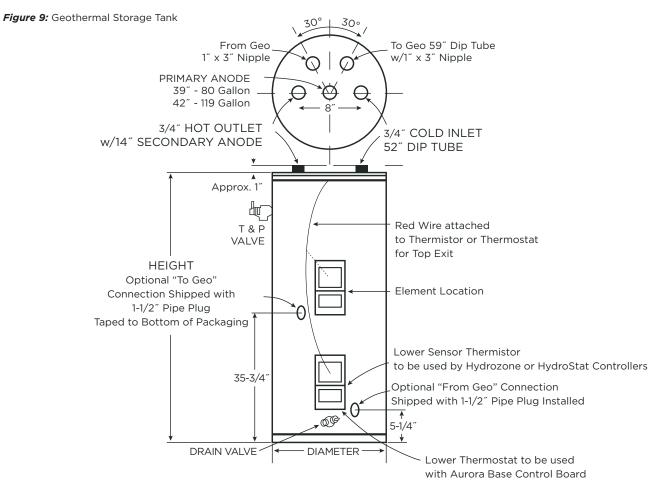
#### **HydroZone (HZC) features:**

- 2 1/2" x 2 1/2" LCD display and five push buttons serve as the human interface
- Controls and regulates water tank temperature
- Fahrenheit or Celsius
- Outdoor reset
- · Warm weather shutdown
- Single Stage

#### **HydroZone (HZO) features:**

- HZC mounted on 7.5" x 7.5" x 3.25" electrical box
- HydroZone relay board
- $2 \frac{1}{2}$ " x 2  $\frac{1}{2}$ " LCD display and five push buttons serve as the human interface
- Controls and regulates water tank temperature
- Fahrenheit or Celsius
- Outdoor reset
- Warm weather shutdown
- Staging (up to 4 stages)
- Lead/Lag (when staging)

## **Accessories and Options cont.**



MODEL	GALLON	ELEMENT	NUMBER	R	DIMENSION	APPROX.	
NUMBER	CAPACITY	WATTAGE (240 VOLT)	OF ELEMENTS	VALUE	HEIGHT	DIAMETER	SHIPPING WEIGHT (lbs.)
GEO-STORAGE-80*	80	4500	1	16	63-1/4	24	204
GEO-STORAGE-120**	119	4500	1	16	63-1/4	28	311

<sup>\* 040</sup> Only

**NOTE:** A buffer tank is required for all hydronic heating systems using OptiHeat heat pumps. The tank should be sized to provide a minimum of 2 gallons of storage capacity for every one thousand Btuh's of nominal heat pump capacity. Sizing in this manner will provide the proper amount of heat pump cycling and storage.

<sup>\*\* 050 &</sup>amp; 066 Only

### **Engineering Guide Specifications**

#### General

The liquid source water-to-water heat pump shall be a single packaged heating only or reverse-cycle heating/cooling unit. The unit shall be listed by a nationally recognized safety-testing laboratory or agency, such as ETL Testing Laboratory, Underwriters Laboratory (UL), or Canadian Standards Association (CSA). The unit shall be rated in accordance with Air Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute/International Standards Organization (AHRI/ISO) and Canadian Standards Association (CSA-US). The liquid source water-to-water heat pump unit shall be designed to operate with source liquid temperatures between 50°F [10°C] and 110°F [43.3°C] in cooling, and between 30°F [-1°C] and 90°F [32.2°C] in heating.

#### **Casing and Cabinet**

The cabinet shall be fabricated from heavy-gauge galvanized steel and finished with corrosion-resistant powder coating. This corrosion protection system shall meet the stringent 1,000 hour salt spray test per ASTM B117. The interior shall be insulated with 1/2 in. thick, multidensity, coated glass fiber for noise suppression.

All units shall have separate holes and knockouts for entrance of line voltage and low voltage control wiring. All factory-installed wiring passing through factory knockouts and openings shall be protected from sheet metal edges at openings by plastic ferrules. The control box shall be hinged for ease of service and shall be field switchable from front to back for improved application flexibility with quick attach low voltage harnesses. The control box is shipped standard on the same end as the water connections.

#### Refrigerant Circuit

All units shall utilize the non-ozone depleting and low global warming potential refrigerant R-410A. All units shall contain a sealed refrigerant circuit including a hermetic motor-compressor, bidirectional thermostatic expansion valve, reversing valve, coaxial tube water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger, electronic expansion valve (VI circuit), and service ports.

Compressors shall be high-efficiency scroll type designed for vapor injection, heat pump duty and mounted on vibration isolators. The compressor shall be double isolation mounted using selected durometer grommets to provide vibration free compressor mounting. All models will feature a compressor discharge muffler to help quiet compressor gas pulsations. A high density sound attenuating blanket shall be factory installed around the compressor to reduce sound. Compressor motors shall be single-phase PSC with overload protection.

The coaxial water-to-refrigerant heat exchanger shall be designed for low water pressure drop and constructed of a convoluted copper inner tube and a steel outer tube. Refrigerant-to-water heat exchangers shall be of copper inner water tube and steel refrigerant outer tube design, rated to withstand 650 PSIG (4481 kPa) working refrigerant pressure and 450 PSIG (3101 kPa) working water pressure. The thermostatic expansion valve shall provide proper superheat over the entire liquid temperature range with minimal "hunting." The valve shall operate bidirectionally without the use of check valves.

#### **Piping and Connections**

Supply and return water connections shall be 1 in. [25.4 mm] for the 040,  $1\frac{1}{4}$  in. [31.75 mm] for the 050-066. The FPT fittings shall be fixed to the cabinet by use of a captive fitting, which eliminates the need for backup pipe wrenches.

#### **Electrical**

A control box shall be located within the unit compressor compartment and shall contain a 75VA transformer with a built-in circuit breaker, 24 volt activated compressor contactor, terminal block for thermostat wiring and solid-state controller for complete unit operation. Electromechanical operation WILL NOT be accepted. Units shall be name-plated for use with time delay fuses or HACR circuit breakers. Unit controls shall be 24 volt and provide heating or cooling as required by the remote thermostat/sensor.

An Aurora, a microprocessor-based controller, interfaces with an external control to monitor and control unit operation shall be provided. The unit control shall provide operational sequencing, high and low pressure switch monitoring, freeze detection, lockout mode control, load and loop pump control, LED status and fault indicators, fault memory, field selectable options, and accessory output. The Lockout signal output shall have a pulsed option so that DDC systems can red specific lockout conditions from the control.

The Aurora Advanced Control shall also feature an Energy Monitoring Package that will provide real time total power consumption, compressor monitoring, On Peak input signal for utility controlled demand programs, loop pump linking for multiple units driving a common flow center and up to two optional home automation inputs. Optional Performance and Refrigerant Monitoring package will provide real time data of the refrigeration circuit.

### **Engineering Guide Specifications cont.**

An optional Aurora Interface Diagnostic (AID) Tool shall communicate with the Aurora control allowing quick and easy access to monitoring, and troubleshooting of any Aurora control. The device shall include the features of fault description, and history, manual operation capability, sensor readings, timings, and other diagnostic tools.

A detachable terminal block with screw terminals will be provided for field control wiring. All units shall have knockouts for entrance of low and line voltage wiring.

Optional IntelliStart (compressor Soft Starter) (040 only) shall be factory installed for use in applications that require low starting amps, reduced compressor start-up noise, off-grid, and improved start-up behavior. IntelliStart shall reduce normal starting current by 60% on 208-230/60/1 units.

#### **Accessories**

# Hose Kits - Automatic Balancing and Ball Valves with 'Y' strainer (field-installed)

Part Number

- WFI-AYH100XF-XXX-24MO (1 in. hose kit for 040) WFI-AYH125XF-XXX-24MO (1 1/4 in. hose kit for 050-066)

A flexible steel braid hose featuring Kevlar® reinforced EPDM core with ANSI 302/304 stainless steel outer braid and fire rated materials per ASTM E 84-00 (NFPA 255, ANSI/UL 723 & UBC 8-1). Ball valve at one end; swivel connector with adapter at the other end (swivel to adapter connection via fiber or EPDM gasket). Swivel connection provides union between heat pump and piping system. The hoses feature brass fittings, stainless steel ferrules. A "y" strainer is provided on one end for fluid straining and integral "blowdown" valve. A full port ball valve shall be provided with integral P/T (pressure/temperature) port on supply hose and automatic balancing valve with integral P/T ports and full port ball valve on return hose.

#### **Hose Kit Specifications:**

- Temperature range of 35°F [2°C] to 180°F [82°C].
- Max. working pressure of 400 psi [2756 kPa] for  $\frac{1}{2}$  in. and  $\frac{3}{4}$  in. hose kits; max. working pressure of 350 psi [2413 kPa] for 1 in. and 1  $\frac{1}{4}$  in. hose kits.
- Minimum burst pressure of four times working pressure.

#### **Geothermal Storage Tanks**

Available in 80 or 119 gallon capacities and are specifically designed with large plumbing connections, 2 in. (R-16) insulation, built-in temperature sensor, and *chilled water approved* make these tanks the perfect choice for geothermal hydronic systems. A pair of 1 in. connections on top of the storage tanks allow for easy installation

and trouble-free operation in geothermal hot water assist systems. Large 1-1/2 in. FPT re-circulating side connections (shipped with threaded plugs) are included for high-flow water-to-water units. The upper element provides easy use of auxillary/backup heat. Sandhog low Watt density 4500 Watt Incoloy Steel Heating Element is designed to last 2 to 3 times longer than standard copper heating elements. The lower access panel houses a factory installed thermistor for accurate tank set-point control which is ideal for use with our HydroStat or HydroZone controllers.

#### Symphony/Aurora Weblink (if available)

Symphony is a Wi-Fi enabled smart comfort system for your geothermal heat pump that is unsurpassed in its ease of use, feature set and capability. Symphony marries the sophisticated Aurora controls of your Geothermal System with a web enabled Aurora Weblink Router giving you access to your comfort geothermal heat pump from practically anywhere. Symphony is cloud-based and includes your whole geothermal system and isn't limited to just the thermostat as in other 'smart thermostat' systems. Symphony web-portal provides control over many aspects of your geothermal heat pump including:

- View your geothermal system's operation from anywhere. Great for vacation or second homes.
- Dashboard for quick review of operation, alerts and energy use (if installed).
- Smart Device capability
- Observe and track energy use for the last 13 months (if installed).
- Receive equipment alerts and service reminders (as well as your dealer) via email and texts
- Monitor earth loop and tank temperature of your geothermal heat pump directly (if installed).

## **Notes**

# **Revision Guide**

Pages:	Description:	Date:	By:
4	Updated Nomenclature	01 June 2021	MA
1, 4, 8, 27	3 Inch Larger Cabinet	29 Feb 2020	JM
Misc.	Added Compressor Monitoring kit, misc. updates	15 Feb 2019	JM
30-35	Updated Heating Performance Data	1 May 2015	MA
All	Literature Creation	5 Feb 2015	MA

Product: Aston Advanced Single Hydronic with OptiHeat

Type: Geothermal Hydronic Heat Pump

Size: 3-5 Tons

Document: Specification Catalog

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